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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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THE COST OF A SONG.

Over and over and over, the songs of our life are sung;
The same today as in ages gray, when the first lute was strung.
The same today as in ages gray, the singer's highest art
Is to sing of man and the soul of man from the depths of the human heart.

To sing the song that lingers in his heart from that far day,
When men were brave and women fair and life was in its May,
Is the singer's part of gladness when he gives his soul to man,
In a song that lives because sweet Pain has changed his earlier plan.

The husk, the harvest and the bin and all Life's spreading plain
To the singer must be singing if he man's soul would gain.
Man in his soul unsatisfied strives for what cannot be;—
He grasps at a star, and holds in his hands a drop from the sounding sea.

Over and over and over, since the towers of Time were old,
Over and over and over, since the cloud gave the sun its gold,
Over and over and over, since the lines of our lives began,
Has man gone out from the marching host to sing of the soul of man.

The singer who sang of the pyramid's prime has gone the ways of men;
But the sun and moon and human heart are just the same as then.
The heart of man is a restless sea of varied star and clime,
And only when the depths are stirred comes Song on the shores of Time.

Over and over and over, since Wrong had realm and state,
Over and over and over, since the Shades on the Living wait,
Over and over and over, singing of sun in the rain,—
The chosen of God are bringing the voice of song from pain.
—James Riley in New England Magazine.

Ned's Proposal to Flora.

A ROMANCE OF CITY LIFE.

Neither Tom nor Jessie had ever known the romance that we read of in the books. Tom was an orphan, and had been such since he could remember. He had grown to manhood and bore no particular prospect of ever being anything more than a policy clerk in a LaSalle street insurance office, but he was earning a fairly comfortable salary and was reasonably solid with the head of the firm, so that he was in no danger of peremptory dismissal for any trifling cause, and it was certain that he would never lose his job for any misdemeanor of office, so he felt tolerably well settled and had begun to think of a possibility of marrying and settling down when Jessie came into the office as a stenographer and was assigned a desk in close proximity to that occupied by Tom.

Tom and Jessie eventually prepared to get married. Jessie was an orphan, struggling to make her own living in the great city, and was boarding at a semi-fashionable north side boarding house, where it required only three-quarters of her weekly stipend to settle with the landlady on each Saturday evening. When the time had arrived for her and Tom to begin to talk about definite arrangements for the wedding and their after life they found that they were as ignorant as two babes about the practical affairs of life. Neither of them knew the practical difference between a gasoline stove and a steam radiator, or between tapestry Brussels and 40-cent ingrains.

It was at this point that the valuable assistance of Ned and Flora came into play. Ned was the lifelong chum of Tom and Flora occupied a similar place in the retinue of Jessie's friends Ned had been a member of a bachelors' housekeeping association. Flora was a longhand copyist in the insurance office and lived at home with her parents.

Tom went to Ned with his troubles and Jessie went to Flora. Of course the expert opinion on some things would tally exactly, and when they did Tom and Flora would congratulate themselves and forget all the points upon which there had been a disagreement.

Tom and Jessie had set the day, and had concluded that, all things considered, they would better be married right in the minister's parlor, because neither one had a home, and they both quailed at the bare suggestion of a boarding-house wedding, and they hadn't the outfit for a church wedding, and though Flora had warmly invited them to accept the hospitality of her parental roof for the occasion they had concluded that it would be better to have it all to themselves in a strictly modest and becoming way, and only Ned and Flora should be there to give them a send-off. Then they would take a run up to the country and come back to life in the little nest they were preparing. Jessie wrote to a few of her distant relatives informing them of the forthcoming event, and one of the responses was from her aunt in Waukesha. Jessie had never seen this aunt since the days when first she had come to try her fortune, and she was not a little surprised at the tone of the letter she received, when she had been expecting only formal congratulations at the most. The aunt insisted that the wedding should be held in the little parlor of her home; that is was a sin and a shame to have a wedding, which was an unusual event in any one's life, in such a barbarous manner as they had proposed.

Tom read the letter carefully when Jessie showed it to him. "Jessie," said he warmly, "your auntie is a brick. What would be the matter with accepting this invitation and then taking a little scoot up to Oconomowoc for a few days? That would give us a wedding trip both before and after the ceremony, and it certainly would be a little more civilized."

So it was settled. And, strange to say, both Flora and Ned approved of the change in plans. "Why, cert," said Ned; freeze to that invite with both hands. That's a snap from Snapsville."

Tom and Jessie had invited Flora to accompany them on their wedding journey, and Flora had made arrangements for a week's vacation from the office to accompany them. The firm showed a remarkable leniency in thus allowing three vacations at once, but the manager said he had been young himself once.

Tom and Jessie and Flora went up to Waukesha on Wednesday. The wedding was to take place on Thursday, but Jessie wanted to be sure that her trunk got there safely, and Tom wanted to look the ground over, as he said, and of course Flora had to be there to help Jessie get ready for the important ceremony. Ned came up on the morning train the next day to see that "the show was pulled off without a break," as he expressed it. Thursday was as beautiful a day as ever happened.

During the day the relatives arrived. There were 14 in all, sundry cousins, uncles and so forth, only three or four of whom had ever seen the bride or groom, but the affair was a distinct success in every particular. Everybody kissed the bride and all the men folk present wrung the hand of the groom and congratulated him with a fervor not all assumed, for Jessie was really lovely in her bridal gown. And then came the preparations for the wedding journey.

After the ceremony had been performed it occurred to Tom inasmuch as Flora was to accompany the party it would sort of even matters up a little if Ned might go with them also, and accordingly the subject was broached to Ned, who remonstrated that he couldn't possibly go because he had obtained leave of absence for only one day. Tom offered to pay the expense of a long-distance telephone message to Chicago if he would use it in asking permission to be gone a few days. This was an argument not to be gainsaid, and the message was sent, with the result that Ned obtained permission to be gone a week if he wanted to.

It was a very merry party that left the depot, bound for Oconomowoc, and it was not until their destination was reached that Ned gave a gasp as he recollected that he had an engagement to take a young woman friend in Chicago to the theatre that evening. It took him but an instant to decide what to do, and he rushed to the telegraph office and sent the following message to the young lady with whom he had the engagement:

"Cannot take you this evening. Am away on wedding trip."

Quarters had been engaged for the bridal party at a comfortable hotel on the edge of a little lake, and there was no difficulty in arranging for the accommodation of the fourth member of the party. The other guests at the hotel had been duly warned of the expected advent of a bridal party, but when the quartet arrived it was the hardest kind of a job for the guests to pick out which were the bride and groom and which the interested friends, as this had been a civilized wedding and the clothing of the bridal party was not full of rice, nor did their trunk have any facetious tags attached thereunto, and nobody held hands or put any heads upon other people's shoulders.

The next day was devoted to fishing. Ned and Flora very generously offered to go by themselves and leave the bridal pair to enjoy each other's uninterrupted company, but Tom and Jessie insisted that this was just as much a trip for the benefit of their guests as for themselves and they would not listen to a separation. Ned was in hard lines. He had left Chicago expecting to return the same night and so carried no baggage, and here he was confronted with the prospect of going fishing with his best suit of clothes on. He compromised by leaving his coat and vest, collar and necktie at the house and borrowing an old pair of overalls from the landlord for the fishing trip, and indeed for the rest of his stay his regular program was to don his coat and vest and collar and tie as he came to the house for meals and then carefully remove and hang them up again as he started out on an expedition around the lake.

By the third day Ned and Flora began to insist that the bridal couple must positively be given some time to themselves, and so they took to going off in a boat by themselves, leaving the bride and groom to follow or not as they wished. Tom winked at Jessie and Jessie winked at Tom, and it was easy to see that they saw how things were going, and Jessie said she always hoped so, anyway, and wouldn't it be lovely if it should turn out so, and then the whole four of them could rent a double flat and life would be one grand, sweet song.

It now became the bride and groom's turn to arrange to be alone, ostensibly for their own benefit, but really in order to help along the progress of the correlative affair. Flora remarked in confidence to Jessie that she never had any idea that Ned was so nice and at just about the same time Ned remarked to Tom that Flora was a crackerjack.

On the fifth day of the wedding trip Ned was silent at breakfast. After breakfast he removed his collar as usual and donned the customary overalls, and without saying a word as to his intentions strolled off up the roadway alone and sat down upon a little culvert which spanned a ravine a short distance off. The other three waited for him to reappear until they began to fear it would get too hot for good fishing, and then Tom and Jessie went for the boat, leaving Flora to wait for Ned to finish his meditating. But Ned didn't finish worth a cent. After waiting until nearly noon, during which time she had done a heap of thinking, Flora strolled up the roadway and encountered Ned still sitting upon the culvert dangling his legs over the little stream beneath.

"What's the matter, Ned, sick?" she inquired, as she snatched the farmer's straw hat from his head.

Ned looked up at her, smiled and seemed to come back to earth again.

"Sit down here beside me, little girl, and let me tell you something," he replied.

Flora obediently sat down and expressed a hope that the collar would last until he got back to Chicago.

"Never mind the collar, Flora," said Ned, looking down at the little stream beneath them. "There's something more than a linen collar bothering me now, Flora. I have found out something. I have found that I love you. I have found that I cannot live any longer without the assurance from you that you will come up to this beautiful little spot with me soon again, but in the capacity of wife instead of friend. Now look me in the eye and tell me your answer little girl will you?"

"No, Ned, I will not, and that's final."

"Why do you say that, sweetheart?"

"Because it's the truth, that's all."

"Don't you love me?"

"Not a little bit."

"Well, I'm sorry. I hoped you did but if you are sure you don't, I'm sure I don't want to marry you. Is the love talk off, then?"

"All off, Neddy."

"Then let's go find the folks and go fishing."—T. M., in Chicago Record.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Experiments show that a frog deprived of his brains will live and eat and pursue existence in a sort of automatic manner.

At Orotavo, off the west coast of Northern Africa, grew the famous dragon tree, said to be the oldest in the world. It was destroyed by a hurricane in 1867. Hundreds of years ago its huge, hollow trunk was used as a temple by the Guanchis. Later the conquering Portuguese dedicated it to Christian worship.

Albert Dawson, son of Thomas Dawson of near Marseilles, Ohio, had an experience the other day that he said he would not go through again for $1,000,000. He was in an outbuilding during a storm when the place was struck by lightning. He said the room at the time was ablaze and a few seconds later he became unconscious. When he recovered he was minus all of his hair upon his head, but otherwise was uninjured.

The well at Frank Fowler's farm near Bear lake Mich., is spitting out sand and gravel. The strange part of it is that no water has appeared yet. For several days it has been spouting a stream of fine dry sand which rises like a fountain and is scattered about by the wind. The boring is now about 110 feet deep. For the first 80 feet the drill went through sand drift and then pierced a stratum of clay. The fine dry sand was struck beneath the clay.

William and John Newton, brothers of Portland, Ind., were a quaint pair. William was wealthy and John, who hadn't anything, lived with him in the capacity of servant. Both men perished recently in the fire which destroyed their home. In the property was a quilt that had pinned to it $50,000 worth of notes. William was the banker and Sunday was his business day. When people visited him continually paying interest, negotiating small loans and renewing old notes. William, though very "mean," was never known to distress a creditor. He dealt almost entirely with the poorer class. To guard against robbers William kept a bowie knife and gun. The brothers lived in the plainest fashion and hadn't employed any help for 30 years.

An interesting engineering feat, which has just been accomplished, is the placing of a steamboat of 550 tons on Lake Titicaca, between Bolivia and Peru, a sheet of water 120 miles long, 325 miles from a seaport and 13,000 feet above sea level. The vessel was built at the Leven shipyard, Dumbarton, Scotland, temporarily put together, and then transported in sections to Molendo, whence it was carried in 22 cars up the railroad, which skirts the steep sides of the Andes, to the lake side. There it was once more put together, and the boilers and engines installed. The "Coya," as the vessel is named, is 170 feet long, 26 feet beam and has accommodation for 45 first-class and 40 second-class passengers. The distance traversed by the steamer is 100 miles, the journey occupying about ten hours. The vessel serves as a means of communication between the republics of Peru and Bolivia.

The Caps of Holland.

Among things in the wardrobe was a bushel of white caps, as I learned when, in response to some question of mine, my hostess exhumed them with housewifely vanity. I think they had never destroyed one in all their lives, for those they had worn as young girls were there with the rest. The general pattern of all was the same, but the youthful caps were of lace, while those they wore now in their soberer years were of plain cloth. They were St.-Lunaire caps, and it would not do to vary them. A cap is a kind of village trade-mark, and women of each little Breton community have a style all their own. They take great pride in the dainty neatness of these articles of apparel, and no matter how elaborate the frilling, with its necessity for laborious ironing, they are always beautifully done up.—Clifton Johnson, in Harper's Bazar.

How to Grow.

When in doubt, work. Nothing clears the mind of its questionings like faithful performance of duty. Idleness breeds stagnation. Whatever happens to a man's belief or feelings, he should hold himself rigorously to active duty. Dr. Maltbie D. Babcock gives this bright acrostic as a recipe for "How to Grow:"

Go
Right
On
Working.—The Hustler.

KANSAS AND MISSOURI.

REMARKABLE PROSPERITY PREVAILS IN THESE TWO STATES.

Comparison of Gain in Wealth Last Year—Higher Values of Live Stock and Crops — Great Increase in Bank Deposits and in Depositors.

Missouri has gained $128,000,000 in wealth under this Republican administration. The State of Kansas has gained almost $100,000,000 in wealth under this Republican administration. These substantial facts, showing that greater prosperity had visited Missouri and Kansas during the last three years, should not be forgotten by their citizens during the campaign.

The Democratic party is notoriously an anti-prosperity party, and the farmers and wage earners in Kansas and Missouri must not allow themselves to be led away by the false promises and calamity howling of their Democratic friends. Our statements are from official figures and show the increase in wealth in these two States to be as follows:

KANSAS.

	1896.	1899.
Live stock	$80,049,272	$132,759,873
Crops	83,303,684	111,391,831
Bank deposits	17,147,160	33,505,101
Total	$180,500,116	$277,656,805
Increase in 1899		97,156,689

MISSOURI.

	1896.	1899.
Live stock	$93,718,709	$113,806,386
Crops	58,219,870	78,411,465
Bank deposits	53,921,953	141,726,449
Total	$205,860,532	$333,944,300
Increase in 1899		128,083,768

In Kansas it will be noted that the farmers have gained $80,000,000 through the increased value of their live stock and principal crops this year as compared with 1896. In Missouri the farmers have gained $40,000,000 this year alone from the same source. The following detailed statement of values of live stock is official, being taken from the returns of the Department of Agriculture:

KANSAS.

	Jan. 1. 1896.	Jan. 1. 1900.
Horses	$20,609,057	$26,695,789
Mules	2,845,995	2,827,859
Cows	13,778,371	22,999,438
Cattle	33,903,604	62,401,233
Sheep	413,961	835,531
Swine	8,498,279	16,000,000
Total	$80,049,272	$132,759,873

MISSOURI.

	Jan. 1. 1896.	Jan. 1. 1900.
Horses	$23,039,549	$24,891,718
Mules	6,914,427	7,210,321
Cows	17,359,416	18,868,307
Cattle	32,565,492	36,081,329
Sheep	1,475,953	1,854,711
Swine	12,718,709	24,000,000
Total	$93,718,709	$113,806,386

In Kansas the largest gains to farmers have been in their cattle and hogs. This they well know, because their returns when selling their live stock have been so much larger this year than they were under a Democratic administration.

The next table shows the improvement in the price of the staple crops grown by farmers, which represents an increase of $28,000,000 for Kansas, and over $20,000,000 for Missouri.

KANSAS.

	1896.	1899.
Corn	$14,592,121	$59,405,306
Wheat	19,400,505	19,963,383
Oats	3,809,401	8,608,470
Barley	19,065	859,455
Hay	13,316,122	18,045,678
Potatoes	2,015,803	4,250,866
Wool	150,667	249,673
Total	$83,303,684	$111,391,831

MISSOURI.

	1896.	1899.
Corn	$35,353,730	$48,874,510
Oats	3,374,583	4,871,844
Cotton	747,689	1,324,800
Hay	15,996,275	19,339,962
Potatoes	2,435,869	3,502,998
Wool	311,724	497,342
Total	$58,219,870	$78,411,465

Corn, oats, hay and potatoes show the largest gains in both States. While wool is not so much grown here as in the far Western States, still the increase under protection in the value of the clip has been satisfactory to those farmers who raise sheep. In Missouri this year's cotton crop was worth almost twice as much as it was in 1896 under the Democratic administration.

Lastly, an examination of the number of bank depositors in Kansas and Missouri is full of facts upon which our citizens can congratulate themselves. The figures are taken from the last annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency:

In the State of Kansas there were 53,151 people who had bank accounts in 1894; last year there were 100,840 bank accounts in that State. In 1894 the total deposits in Kansas amounted to $17,147,160; last year the total amount of the deposits was $33,505,101. There has been an increase of practically 100 per cent., both in the number of people who had money to deposit in the banks, and in the total amount of money on deposit in Kansas.

In the State of Missouri there were 117,367 persons who had bank accounts in 1894; last year there were 213,009 bank accounts. In 1894 the total amount of deposits in Missouri was $53,921,953. In 1899 the deposits in all the banks of Missouri had increased to $141,726,449. While the number of depositors in Missouri had increased by 90 per cent., the total amount of money deposited had increased by 160 per cent.

These facts and figures do not show the increase in the business done at the stores, mines and factories, nor the larger amount of wages paid to the thousands of people who earn their livelihood in these two States.

While the Democratic orators are enlarging upon the benefits that will happen to the country if a Democratic President and Democratic Congress be elected this year, our citizens should not neglect the blessings and prosperity which they have derived under the Republican administration that is now in power. It is unwise to throw away the substance for the shadow.

The Golden Fields.

The Kansas wheat fields present a beautiful golden hue and the harvesting goes merrily on. They are most unattractive places for free silver orators.

'Twas Even Thus.

The Ohio Democrats were the first to start the free silver craze. The Ohio Democrats always were political quiters.

Prosperity the Advance Agent.

Turn about is but fair play, and prosperity will attend to the advance work for President McKinley this year.

OUR COAL, IRON AND TIN

HOW THESE THREE GREAT INDUSTRIES HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED.

Production in the United States, Under a Protective Tariff, Has Far Exceeded That of Other Countries — Activity in Our Factories.

Three great industries—coal, iron and tin plate—have made especial progress under the development of our manufacturing system, coal production being of itself a measure of the development of manufacturing, since coal enters so largely into that industry.

The coal production of the United Kingdom during thirty years, during all of which time that country has been under a low tariff, only increased from 115,000,000 tons to 226,000,000 tons, or a little less than 100 per cent. Germany, which adopted a protective tariff about the middle of the period under consideration, has increased her coal output from 36,000,000 tons to 144,000,000 tons—a growth of 300 per cent. France, also a protection country, increased her output from 14,697,686 tons in 1868 to 35,784,644 tons in 1898, an increase of 150 per cent. The United States, which has been constantly under a protective tariff law during that period (with the exception of three years), increased her output from 31,642,960 tons in 1868 to 258,539,650 tons in 1899—an increase of over 700 per cent. It must be remembered, in addition to this, that the United States has consumed in her factories, on her railways, and among her people practically all of this enormous increase, our exports of coal averaging less than three per cent. of our total production, while Great Britain has been for years a large exporter of coal.

Our production in 1894, the year in which the free trade tariff was enacted, fell to 170,000,000 tons, as against 182,000,000 in the preceding year, and the value of the product fell from $208,000,000 in 1893 to $186,000,000 in 1894, a loss in a single year of $22,000,000 in this one article in which labor forms so important a part of its value.

In 1891, under protection and the activity of the great industries of the country, the average number of days in which the men in the coal mines of the United State were employed was 232. In 1893, the year in which a low tariff President and Congress came into power, the number of days in which the miners were employed dropped to 201 and in 1894 dropped again to 178; while in 1897, the last year of the Wilson tariff, the number was but 179, a reduction of twenty per cent. in the time in which they were employed as compared with 1891. The figures for 1898 show a marked increase in the number of days employed and an increase of 38,000 men, as compared with 1893; while it is apparent that the figures for 1899 will, when completed, show a much larger increase, since the product in 1899 was 30,000,000 tons greater than in 1898, and 88,000,000 greater than in 1894, an increase of nearly twenty per cent. in production and twenty-five per cent. in value of the product.

Pig iron production in the United States has increased from 3,835,191 tons in 1880 to 13,620,703 tons in 1899, which year placed the United States at the head of the iron and steel producing nations of the world. The pig iron production of 1892 was 9,157,000 tons. In 1893, the year of the inauguration of Democracy and free trade, it fell to 7,124,000 tons; in 1894 to 6,657,000 tons, and in 1896 was but 8,623,000 tons. The year 1897, in which protection was again adopted, showed an increase to 9,652,680 tons, and in 1899 an increase to 13,620,703 tons. Thus the fall from the last year of President Harrison to 1894, the year in which the Democratic tariff was enacted, was 2,490,622 tons, or twenty-seven per cent., while the increase of 1899 over 1896, the last full year under the Democratic tariff, was 4,997,576 tons, or fifty-seven per cent.

The average annual price of steel rails during the period of protection, from 1880 to 1893, fell from $67.50 in 1880, to $28.12 in 1893. In 1894, the year in which the low tariff was adopted, there was a fall of $4 per ton, but the price returned to $28 in 1896, dropping to $18.75 in 1897, the year which the protective tariff was again adopted, $17.62 in 1898, and returned in 1899 to $28.12, the figure at which it stood in 1893 and 1896.

Under this long period of protection and the development of the manufacturing industries which accompanied it, the imports of iron and steel fell from $71,266,699 to $12,100,400, and the manufacturers, besides supplying the enormous addition to the home market, which this reduced importation implies, also increased their exportation of iron and steel manufactures from $14,716,524 in 1880 to $93,716,031 in 1899. In the year 1900 the total will amount to $120,000,000, or more than eight times that of 1880.

Career of Roosevelt.

Born in No. 28 East Twentieth street, New York City, on October 27th, 1858.

Eight generations of his father's family lived there.

Of mingled Dutch, Scotch, Irish and French-Huguenot ancestry.

Was graduated from Harvard in 1880, a leader in college athletics and with a well-trained mind.

Studied law and in 1881 was elected to the Assembly. Was re-elected in 1883, 1884 and 1885.

Introduced many reform measures for New York City.

Was Republican candidate for Mayor in 1886 against Hewitt and George. Lost by 22,000 plurality.

Member of United States Civil Service Commission under Cleveland.

Resigned in 1895 to become a Police Commissioner of New York.

Became Assistant Secretary of the Navy in 1897.

Commanded the Rough Riders in the war with Spain.

Was elected Governor of New York in 1898.

Will be elected Vice-President of the United States in 1900.

Evidently.

The Democratic Governor of Missouri has evidently proceeded on the theory that the lawless element engaged in shooting down innocent and inoffensive citizens is entitled to his protection under the "government by consent of the governed" clause.

WORST FEARS IN CHINA CONFIRMED.

All the Foreigners in Pekin Ruthlessly Murdered By the Boxers.

SHOT THEIR WOMEN FIRST

They Formed a Square Round Them When Their Assailants Battered Down Legation Walls.

Only the Bare Announcement That the Legation Walls Were Battered Down and All Foreigners Killed Is Made in the Official Chinese Statement From the Governor of Shantung Province—Attack With Artillery Began After the Brave Guards of the Legations Had Repulsed Several Boxer Attacks and Had Killed Several Hundred Chinese in Desperate Night Sorties—Attacks Were Kept Up Until the Foreigners' Ammunition Was Gone.

Shanghai, China (By Cable).—An official telegram received from the Governor of Shang-Tung states that a breach in the wall (of the British Legation in Pekin) was made, after a gallant defence and all the ammunition had given out, and that all the foreigners were killed.

London (By Cable).—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"I can assert positively that the Chinese authorities had the dreadful news from Pekin a week ago, and that Sheng knew that all the foreigners in Pekin were dead when he asked the American Consul to cable to Washington a proposal to deliver the foreigners in safety at Tien-Tsin on condition that the allies would suspend their operations in the north of Pekin."

The correspondent then gives details of the events at Pekin after June 25. The members of the legations made daily sorties, sometimes by night, and so successfully as to compel the Chinese to retreat from the immediate vicinity.

CHINESE GUN CREW IN ACTION.

These reverses had a disheartening effect upon the Chinese; and there soon began to be open signs of disaffection, followed by desertions to Prince Ching's army, which was endeavoring to co-operate with the besieged. Ultimately Prince Tuan decided to make a night attack in three powerful columns.

"At 6 o'clock on the evening of July 6," says the correspondent, "fire was opened with artillery upon the British Legation, where the foreigners were concentrated. For two hours the walls were battered with shot and shell, and huge breaches were made in them. Then a general advance was ordered, and the Chinese infantry, volleying constantly, moved toward the gaps. The fire of the defenders, however, was so accurate and steady that hordes of Chinese soldiers and Boxers broke and fled in the wildest confusion, leaving large numbers of dead and wounded around the legation. They could not be rallied until they were out of the rifle range of the foreigners.

"Then Prince Tuan, making a desperate appeal, induced them to stand and return to the attack. Artillery fire was then resumed, and at the middle watch a second attack was attempted. But before the attackers could accomplish their object they were met by Prince Ching and General Wang-Wen-Shao with their troops, who were going to the aid of the foreigners. A desperate battle ensued between the various forces of Chinese and Manchus.

"Unfortunately, many of Prince Ching's troops deserted to Prince Tuan. Prince Ching fell and was supposed to have been killed, but as the search for his body was unsuccessful, it is now believed that he was only wounded and was carried off and secreted by his faithful retainers.

General Wang-Wen-Shao, although gray-haired and seventy years old, valiantly led his troops in person. He was killed, and his force, which was completely outnumbered, was routed.

"Throughout the night repeated attacks were made on the legation, but these were invariably repulsed with heavy losses. Toward the end of the third watch, about 5 a. m., the allies had practically defeated the besiegers, who were wavering and gradually withdrawing.

"But just then General Tung-Fu-Siang arrived from the vicinity of Tien-Tsin with a large force of Kan-Su braves. By this time the walls of the legation had been battered down, and most of the buildings were in ruins. Many of the allies had fallen at their posts, and the small band that was left took refuge in the wrecked buildings, which they endeavored hastily to fortify.

"Upon them the fire of the Chinese artillery was now directed. Toward sunrise it was evident that the ammunition of the allies was running out, and at 7 o'clock, as the advance of the Chinese in force failed to draw a response a rush was determined upon.

"Thus, standing together, as the sun rose, the little remaining band, all Europeans, met death stubbornly. There was a desperate hand-to-hand encounter. The Chinese lost heavily, but as one man fell others advanced, and, finally overcome by overwhelming odds, every one of the Europeans remaining was put to the sword in the most atrocious manner."

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, on the alleged authority of the couriers who brought the story, gives a very sensational account. He says:

"Maddened with hunger after having been without food for many days, the members of the legations and the guards made a sortie on the night of June 30 and killed 200 Chinese by an unexpected attack.

"General Tung-Fu-Siang, enraged over the loss of so many men, brought up heavy guns, and Prince Tuan gave the order that every foreigner must be destroyed. His words were: 'Destroy every foreign vestige and make China a sealed book to all Western Powers.'

"Prince Tuan had previously discovered that Prince Ching was supplying the foreigners secretly with ammunition. He therefore ordered General Tung-Fu-Siang to fire on Prince Ching's troops, and it is reported that Ching was killed or seriously wounded.

"In a final attempt to cut their way through, the legationers formed a square with the women and children in the centre. When the Boxers realized that they were being attacked they became like wild beasts, and shot each other in the darkness.

"The foreigners went mad, and killed all their women and children with revolvers.

"Heavy guns bombarded all night until the buildings were demolished and in flames. Many foreigners were roasted in the ruins.

"The Boxers rushed upon them and hacked and stabbed both dead and wounded, cutting off their heads and carrying these through the streets on their rifles, shouting fiercely.

"They then attacked the native Christian quarters, massacred all who refused to join them, outraged the women, and brained the children. Hundreds of mission buildings were burned."

Lady Hart, wife of Sir Robert Hart, Director of Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs, received on July 5 the following telegram from her husband:

"Our people, including the women, are in the legations. Prepare to hear the worst."

The correspondent of the Daily Express, who sends details of the Pekin massacre, adds:

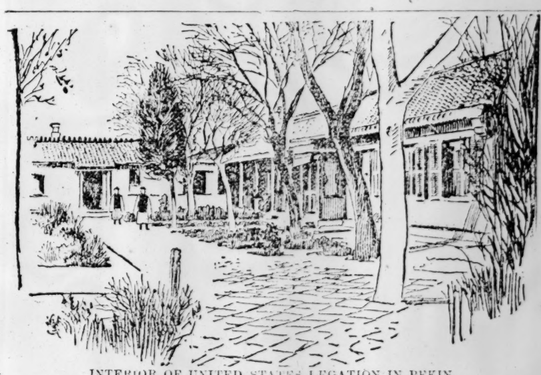
"All China is now aflame with revolt against foreigners. Only in the extreme west is there quietude. Every port, even Shanghai, is menaced.

"In the provinces of Hu Pe and Hu-Nan thousands of native Christians have been mutilated and tortured, the women being first outraged and then massacred."

The morning papers are unanimous in believing that the foreigners have been annihilated and is calling for retribution.

CITY GATE, PEKIN.

EDWIN H. CONGER AND FAMILY.
(Miss Mary Pierce, whose father was a former business partner of the American Minister to China, was with the Congers in Pekin at the time of the massacre.)



INTERIOR OF UNITED STATES LEGATION IN PEKIN.

Delaware's Large Peach Crop.

An expert estimates that the peach crop in Delaware will reach about 4,000,000 baskets of fruit of a superior size and quality will make up for some of the former shortages. Not in ten years has there been so good a prospect of profit.

Accused of Burning His Wife.

Frank Schneffler was put on trial at Joliet, Ill., on a charge of burning his wife to death.

Cycling Notes.

A wheelman named Grimwood has been sentenced in England to fourteen days' imprisonment, without the option of a fine, for alleged furious riding.

"Bob" Walthour, the Southern professional, is threatened with suspension for failing to appear recently at a meet in New England, after having entered.

General Maurice, commander-in-chief at Woolwich, England, has propounded an elaborate scheme for the defense of London by a large corps of cyclists, and it will be tested in August.

Fusion Ticket in Nebraska.

The Democrats, Poulists and Silver Republicans of Nebraska have nominated a fusion ticket headed by William A. Poynter for Governor. Resolutions were adopted by the Populist Convention pledging the party to support Senator Pettigrew for re-election.

Senator Gear's Sudden Death.

United States Senator Gear, of Iowa, died suddenly of heart disease in Washington.

Casualties in the Philippines.

During the past week three Americans were killed and two wounded and thirty-five of the rebels were killed. Fifty rebels were captured, and twenty-five rifles and fourteen tons of powder and ammunition taken.

A Pennsylvania Centenarian Dead.

Michael Maloney, of Glenwood, Susquehanna County, Penn., is dead, aged 107 years. He was one of the pioneer residents of Northern Pennsylvania. Until within a few years he was in possession of all his faculties.

Welcome Rain in India.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Viceroy of India, has cabled that an excellent rain has fallen in the northwest provinces and in parts of Central India, and that useful showers have occurred in Rajpootana and Deccan.

Lockjaw Caused by a Thorn.

Clifford Billsy, a son of Charles Billsy, of Norwalk, Ohio, died a horrible death from lockjaw, caused by jumping on a thorn, which penetrated his foot.

Prominent People.

The Czar of Russia is a voracious reader.

Rear-Admiral Philip's life was insured for $20,000.

William Jennings Bryan is fond of outdoor exercise, especially horseback riding.

Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, the British Liberal leader, has a mania for watch-making.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, is making a fad of gardening, and is spending much of his vacation in the cultivation of some exceptionally fine pansies.

REFUGEES FROM TIEN-TSIN.

Hundreds Leave in Accordance With Admiral Seymour's Order.

Shanghai, China (By Cable).—Several hundred refugees, most of them women and children, have left Tien-Tsin in accordance with Admiral Seymour's order urging all non-combatants to depart. Many women have remained behind, however, refusing to leave their husbands, whose business detains them. The refugees were sent down the river on board lighters and tugs, and were then transferred to merchant ships in the harbor at Che-Foo.

The American, Japanese and German warships received their people, the officers of the United States gunboat Yorktown generously entertaining 200, most of them missionaries and their families.

The British refugees were crowded on a dirty freighter, and women, accustomed to luxury, have been sleeping huddled together on the decks. They complain bitterly because the half-empty British fleet declines to receive them, and they have drafted a strong protest to Admiral Seymour.

Protection For Chinese in New York City

New York police are vigilant to prevent mobbing of resident Chinese.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET

For Governor,
SPENCER B. ADAMS,
of Guilford

For Lieutenant Governor,
CLAUDIUS DOCKERY,
of Richmond.

For Secretary of State,
J. L. PARROTT,
of Lenoir.

For State Treasurer,
L. L. JENKINS,
of Gaston.

For State Auditor,
T. S. ROLLINS,
of Madison.

For State Supt. of Public Instruction,
N. C. ENGLISH,
of Randolph.

For Attorney General,
ZEB VANCE WALSER,
of Davidson.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
DR. ABNER ALEXANDER,
of Tyrrell.

For Commissioner Labor and Printing,
T. W. MALLOY,
of Rockingham.

For Corporation Commissioner,
C. A. REYNOLDS,
of Forsyth

J. A. FRANK,
of Swain

For Congress,
ISAAC M. MEEKINS,
of Pasquotank.

Old London Sundays.

We have got it into our heads that Sunday was better observed in the puritanical acceptance of the word three or four generations back than it is now. It was quite otherwise. All the great ladies when Queen Victoria came to the throne—the Duchess of Wellington, the Duchess of Rutland, the Marchioness of Salisbury, the Lady Hyde Parker, the Misses Walpole—had regular card parties on a Sunday, and there were concerts and receptions all over the town announced with becoming regularity in The Morning Post.—Saturday Review.

How to Get a Genial Dog.

A vagrant dog, particularly a cur with seven or eight different strains of common dog in him, is the best kind of a dog to own. He is always smiling and wagging his tail at you, and his appreciation of little favors is only equaled by his appetite. A fancy dog with a blue ribbon around his neck is always looking for an opportunity to snap at children. If we kept a dog, we would keep a yellow one, purchased as a pup from a negro boy.—Atchison Globe.

HEAD ACHE

"Both my wife and myself have been using CASCARETS and they are the best medicine we have ever had in the house. Last week my wife was frantic with headache for two days, she tried some of your CASCARETS, and they relieved the pain in her head almost immediately. We both recommend Cascarets."
CHAS. STEPHENS.
Pittsburg Safe & Deposit Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 317

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Dec. 1st, 1899.

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND.

Leave Eliz City daily (except Sunday) 2.15, p. m.
Arrival Norfolk " " 4.25, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 9.30, a. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " 11.00, a. m.

SOUTHBOUND.

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday) 11.40, a. m.
Arrive at Edenton " " 12.40, p. m.
Arrive Belhaven " " 4.45, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 6.00, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " 7.00, p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 1:00 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 1:00, p. m., for Albemarle Sound Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6:00, p. m., connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad and the W. & W. Railroad for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. For Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday 12:00, noon. For Coinjock and North River Landings Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 3:00, p. m. For South Mills and Landing on the Dismal Swamp route Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6:00, a. m. Steamers leave Belhaven daily (except Sunday) for Washington, N. C.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Ag't.

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,

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From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

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when desired. The finest Hearse in this Section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street. All kinds of Cabinet Work don

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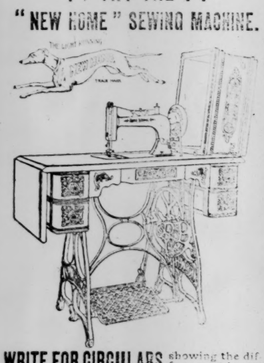

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The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

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PALEMON JOHN, Editor
ROBERT P. JENKINS, Associate Editor.

OUTSIDE THE CONSTITUTION.

To the student of the imperialistic problem a pertinent and interesting discussion of the controverted and debated constitutional question there involved, as embodied in the late Porto Rican legislation, is to be found in a recent editorial in the New York Tribune. Its presentation is most succinct and able, and, in the light of the catchy historical phrase, "the constitution follows the flag," which has been made the popular national Democratic slogan, it is most timely. It reiterates in a clear and logical manner that which has already been stated at length by our courts and chief executive, that is, that our foreign acquisitions are not held "under the constitution" as an incorporated part of the Union, nor are they governed under the "needful rules and regulations" clause. That such was the dictum of our courts is fully substantiated by the following extract from the able opinion of Judge Wheeler upholding the special tariff in the Porto Rican case, who there says:

"If we cannot hold ceded territory without bringing it under the constitution as an integral part of the United States, then we cannot give to Porto Rico practical independence, a constitution and laws of her own, and hold merely the sovereignty, confined, perhaps, to control of foreign relations. If Porto Rico is still a foreign country, we might adopt that course. If it is a part of the United States in the sense that the appellants urge, we cannot grant independence unless we entirely renounce our sovereignty. For otherwise, under the contention, the island would be under the uniformity clause of the constitution, and we should be compelled to tax it uniformly with our own nation. Such a view of our constitutional limitations would make it impossible to accept from another nation a cession of territory on the condition that we should not tax it for a number of years."

The case is further plainly stated. Our new acquisition are held by us as a sovereign nation as "territory acquired by treaty, without engagement to take it into the Union," and "subject only to the fundamental safeguards of liberty, justice and personal rights." Such is the judgment of our highest tribunals, which have been the expounders of our constitution since the early days of our Republic's infancy, such is the judgment of common sense and such will be the judgment of history. The question of constitutionality little warrants the hullabaloo that has been raised; the question of expediency is one on which sane men may differ.

COMMERCIAL CHINA.

The present Asiatic upheaval has forced upon many a thoughtless mind the realization of the importance of China, as one of the world markets, and the flattering possibilities of the future, promising realization with the development of her luxury-loving tastes. A geographical entity, containing within her limits nearly one-fourth of this globe's population, rich in agricultural products, potentially a Croesus in the wealth of her undeveloped mineral deposits, conservative with the conservatism of ages, now awakening to the quickening impulse of the century, the first devotee at the shrine of the god of sense and pleasure, harkening to the glowing promises of an age furnishing so much for the sybarite, China, indeed, offers a market that the shop-keeping nations may well contend for. And most unwearingly and diplomatically have they striven. Some with the cry of "open door" for all the world, others with the more selfish demand of side-doors only for themselves.

In America with the increase of population, and development in manufacturing lines as an over-producer, foreign markets are becoming a necessity for the maintenance of our condition of unparalelled commercial prosperity, and no market offers greater attractiveness or a wider field for our versitile commercialism than the Chinese Empire.

We of the South can especially appreciate the importance of this development. In ten years our cotton exports to China have increased from $1,600,000 to $10,000,000 and promises to double this figure under favorable conditions The present uprising, has already seriously effected this trade. Our commercial supremacy should be maintained despite the imperialistic howlings of partisan political carpers and critics.

Divorces in France are becoming quite popular, paridoxically speaking. The fact that the government prosecutes all case without expense to the petitioners adds much to the attractiveness of the proceedings. France is the only European nation that has extensively adopted this distinctively American institution. With her it is a new departure.

With nine presidential tickets in the field, and the bright prospect of one more, even the most fastidious voter ought to find something to tie to.

Political Department.

[This Department will be devoted to Local, State and National politics during the campaign by the EDITOR.]

The Supreme Court of the United States is still doing business at the old stand.

Ten cent cotton was touched under the Republican Administration that opened the Mills.

There is one thing very certain The American voters will not go to the polls with empty stomachs this year.

The Republican platforms, State and National, do not equivocate or dodge. Every issue is fairly met and frankly treated.

Let the people vote their convictions and not their prejudices. If they do the Democratic party will receive the drubbing it deserves.

The CAROLINAN believes in the supremacy of the white people of the State, not in their domination by a ring, such as is attempted by the Democratic Machine.

Be not deceived. From now on the Democrats will publish and report all kinds of falsehoods, and especially on the day of election. We ask all voters to pay no heed to them.

Pasquotank has a County ticket that every man opposed to Democratic "ring" rule can consistently support. Do not scratch a single name, but vote the ticket straight.

Said a prominent Democrat the other day: "Democrats do not consider it a sin to steal nigger votes." What a confession! Two years ago they stole them by the wholesale; this year they have arranged to steal them on a larger scale.

This is the first time in the history of the Anglo-Saxon race for nearly a thousand years that any man threatened with an irreparable injury, has been denied the remedy by our courts. This has been done by the present Democratic Legislature in section 88.

Major John A. Graham, one of the ablest lawyers in the State and a prominent Democrat, say: "I shall vote against the Amendment because I believe it is in contravention of the United States Constitution." Thousands of Democrats, for the same reason ill do the same.

The Democratic claim that a vote for the Democratic machine is a vote for "white supremacy" and "protection to loved one" is simply unadulterated gall in view of the fact that the Democratic banner county in the two last campaigns has *two negro voters* to one white.

Ex-Gov. C. H. Brogden has published a letter stating his position on the Amendment, He says: "I was for it before I read it, but since reading it I am opposed to it, because it is in conflict with the National Constitution which we all have entered into a solemn contract and oath to support and defend."

President McKinley has appointed Col. James E. Boyd, of Greensboro, Judge of the Western District of this State, in place of Hamilton Ewart, whose appointment failed to be confirmed by the Senate. We know Col. Boyd personally. He is a very able lawyer, highly esteemed by all who know him and his appointment gives general satisfaction. We congratulate him.

A dishonest man would be glad to pay his debts with a dishonest dollar, but even he would not like to have his debtor settle with him with that kind of money. So it would seem that the truth about the man and the dollar is that the Republican party is not trying to raise the dollar above the honest man, but Bryan and the Democratic party are trying to lower the man below the honest dollar.

THE SENATORIAL TICKET.

The Populists of this Senatorial District at their Convention—see proceedings in another column—have named Joshua Skinner, of Perquimans, as their candidate for Senator, and have endorsed Walter S. Harrison, the Republican nominee, as his running mate. It is a good ticket. Let every man opposed to the Amendment and the oligarchic policy of the Democratic machine, give it a hearty support.

THE PARAMOUNT REASON

During the campaign that closes before the next issue of the CAROLINIAN appears, many reasons have been given why it could not support the Amendment. While each one of them was sufficient to justify its course, the paramount one is its unconstitutionality; that no voter could cast his ballot for it without violating the oath he has taken to support and defend the Constitution of the United States." The editor believes this to be a very serious matter and feels that he has done his duty in calling the attention of his readers to this as well as the other questions involved in this campaign.

The election will be held next Thursday. Go to the polls early and see that your ballots are deposited in the right boxes, If there is a full vote and a honest count we believe that all will be well.

Object of the Amendment.

It is clear to our mind that the move is not to get clear of the negro, whose vote they can control, but to place the people under the control of a corporate monopoly, a power which controls the prime movers of this amendment as efficiently as power, and money ever controlled any matter, and when the chain is once fastened upon the people the day will never come when they can break it. My countrymen, while you have the ballot box within your reach, for your liberty's sake keep it, for it is your only bulwark of safety.—D. P. Meacham in Progressive Farmer.

Why?

Why are not the Democrats of this State running an aggressive campaign in the interest of a more economical government?

Because their legislature has already cost the State $600,000 more than the fusion legislature.

Why are the democrats not running an aggressive campaign in the interest of public education?

Because in thirty years' control of the state they did not reduce the white illiteracy.

Why are not the democrats bringing forward argument to prove the constitutionality of the amendment?

Because the strongest legal opinion is against its constitutionality.

Why are they not giving statistics to prove their speakers' claims of being the "white man's" party?

Because they have to depend upon the few negro counties in the eastern part of the state for a majority.

Why are they not making an honest election an issue?

Because they don't want an honest election.

Why, in other words, have they dropped all argument and dodged all issues to cry "nigger" and devote their energies to slander, malice and all uncharitableness?

Because they must divert public attention from their record, from their intentions of trickery and from the fact that they have subordinated all party policy and public interests to their aim to get possession of the state and keep it.

Populist Senatorial Convention.

Pursuant to a call the Populists of the First Senatorial District met in convention at Edenton on the 18th of July, 1900, and was called to order by T. W. Babb, Chairman of the Executive Committee, who named E. J. Forehand as temporary secretary. On motion the temporary organization was made permanent.

The chairman declared nominations for Senators in order, whereupon W. J. Leary, sr., nominated Joshua Skinner, of Perquimans, which was made unanimous.

On motion Walter S. Harrison, of Currituck, the Republican nominee, was endorsed as Mr. Skinner's running mate, and Wm. J. Leary, sr., was elected Chairman of the Senatorial Executive Committee for the ensuing two years.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that we heartily endorse and commend the official course of Senator Marion Butler and his continued efforts and work in behalf of the people and civil liberty. We earnstly trust that he will be re-elected to to the United Statee Senate and we pledge ourselves to do all we can to secure his re-election.

Resolved, that we endorse the State and National platforms of the People's Party and commend the principles announced to all of our citizens, irrespective of party affiliations, for their careful consideration as being in line with the most advanced ideas and progressive thought and the only principles leading to the freedom, contentment and happiness of the people.

The secretary was instructed to notify the candidates of their nomination and endorsement.

T. W. BABB, Chm'n.
E. J. Forehand, Sec'y.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., July 20, 1900.

President McKinley spent three days in Washington this week and decided that there was nothing in the Chinese situation to make it necessary or even important that he should remain at the White House and returned to Canton. This country has no idea of participating in a war of conquests, and the troops already ordered to China, about 12,000, including marines, will furnish our full share of the allied army of 80,000 which officers on the ground estimated to be necessary to march to Pekin, overcoming any probable opposition. That being the situation, the President and his Cabinet were right in deciding that there was no occasion to order more troops to China, and there being no occasion for more troops there was no possible reason for calling an extra session of Congress, which Democrats are clamering for, not because they consider it necessary to deal with the Chinese situation, but because with Congress in session they could hope for something to be done that might help them politically. President McKinley has ample authority to do everything that will be necessary to protect our interests in China, and the people know that he can be trusted to properly use that authority.

Although no word has been received from Minister Conger or any of the other foreign ministers in Pekin, messages have been received from several sources, including the United States Consul at Cheefoo, that seems to corroborate the Chinese news received several days ago saying that the foreign ministers were alive and well as late as the 9th inst. With the exception of Secretary Long, all the members of the Cabinet incline to the belief that the foreigners in Pekin have all been killed in spite of the Chinese government to save them. Secretary Hay told the President and Cabinet that the Chinese Minister had expressed the opinion that the reason why none of the foreign ministers had sent any communication out of Pekin was that they were in hiding probably in the houses of friendly Chinese officials and were afraid that any attempt that any attempt to communicate with the outside world betray their presence to the mob and endanger the lives of their protectors as well as their own. That may, of course, be true, but it doesn't sound very convincing.

Major-General Leonard Wood, military governor of Cuba, arrived in Washington this week to talk over some Cuban matters, especially the arrangements for the constitutional convention which the Cubans are to hold, with Secretary Root. And as the President was in Washington, which General Wood had not expected when he left Havana, he participated in several talks. General Wood says everything is moving along smoothly in Cuba, and that the natives are proving themselves orderly and entirely worthy of the citizenship which has been conferred upon them.

Hon. Perry Heath, who will resign the position of First Assistant Postmaster General to become Secretary of the Republican National Committee, is preparing to go to Chicago next week and open the headquarters of the committee. The New York branch headquarters will be opened later. Senator Scott will have charge of speakers in the East and Mr. H. G. Hedges, of Ohio, will look after those in the West.

Healthy Mothers

Few mothers are healthy, because their duties are so exacting. The anxiety of pregnancy, the shock of childbirth, and the care of young children, are severe trials on any woman. But with Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in the land—can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Wine of Cardui will give it to you.

WINE of CARDUI

strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions. For every female ill or weakness it is the best medicine made. Ask your druggist for $1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no substitute under any circumstances.

Mrs. Edwin Crass, Gormer, Mich.: "When I commanced using Wine of Cardui I was hardly able to walk across the house. Two weeks after I walked half a mile and picked strawberries. When my other child was born I suffered with labor pains 24 hours, and had to raise him on a bottle because I had no milk. After using the Wine during pregnancy this time, I gave birth last month to a baby girl, and was in labor only two hours, with but little pain, and I have plenty of milk. For this great improvement in my health I thank God and Wine of Cardui.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

FREE BLOOD AND SKIN CURE.
An Offer Proving Faith.

Ulcers, Eating Sores, Cancer, Scrofula, Itching Skin, Scabs and Scales of Eczemr, Aches and Pains in bones, back or joint, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rotten Gums and Chronic Rheumatism, and all obstinate, deep-seated blood troubles are quickly cured by taking a few large bottles of Botanic Blood Balm. We challenge the world for a case of blood disease that Botanic Blood Balm will not cure. The cures are permanent and not a patching up. Is your blood thin? skin pale? all run down? as tired in the morning as when you went to bed? catarrh? putrid breath? eruption? sores in mouth or throat? If so, your blood is bad. Blood Palm will make the blood pure and rich, heal every sore; stops the aches and pains, build up the broken down body and invigorats the old and weak. Botanic Blood Balm, the only perfect blood purifier made. Sold at drug stores; $1 per large bottle, including complete directions. To prove our faith in Blood Balm a trial bottle given away to sufferers For free trial bottle, address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Don't hesitate, but write at once describing trouble and free personal advice given. Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Over 3000 voluntary testimonials of cures by using B. B. B.

Notice.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of Venditioni Exponas from the Circuit Court of the United States at Raleigh, in the case of Harvey Terry against Timothy Ely, I shall sell at public auction for cash at the Court House door in Elizabeth City on the 6th day of August, 1900, at 12 M., the interest of said Timothy Ely, legal and equitable, in the following lands lying and being in the counties of Pasquotank and Perquimans, N. C., known as the Great Park Estates bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning in the town of Parkville at the intersection of Albertson and Camack's turnpikes, running down the Camack turnpike north 84-50 east 120 chains, thence north 5-10, west 80 chains, thence north 84-50 east 73 79-100 chains, thence north 1-4 west 370 43-100 chains, thence north 85 1-2 west 103 79-100 chains, thence south 22 east 80 chains, thence north 85 1-2 west 156 chains, thence north 79 1-2 west 80 chains, thence south 37 1-2 west 170 chains, thence south 13-10 west 46 chains, thence south 14 1-2 east 10 chains, thence south 2 39-50 east 20 83-100 chains, thence south 31 1-4 east 6 85-100 chains, thence south 40 east 1 20-100 chains, thence south 56 1-2 east 5 13-100 chains, thence south 66 east 6 32-100 chains, thence south 65 east 12 31-100 chains, thence south 61 1-4 east 6 83-100 chains, thence south 25 east 3 50-100 chains, thence south 63 14 east 14 17-100 chains, thence south 30 3-4 east 27 69-100 chains, thence south 46 1-2 east 3 55-100 chains, thence south 65 1-2 east 5 34-100 chains, thence south 69 3-4 east 11 68-100 chains, thence south 71 1-4 east 3 12-100 chains, thence south 32 50 east 24 76-100 chains, thence south 54 east 6 5-100 chains, thence south 55 20 east 18 79-100 chains, thence south 64 10 east 45 92-100 chains thence south 63 50 east 22 16-100 chains, thence south 60 10 east 24 32-100 chains, thence south 79 1-2 east 51 17-100 chains to the first point of beginning, containing an area of Fifteen Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-six 5954-10,000 acres, be the same more or less.

H. C. DOCKERY,
U. S. Marshal,
Per Chas. A. Banks, Dep'ty U. S. M.
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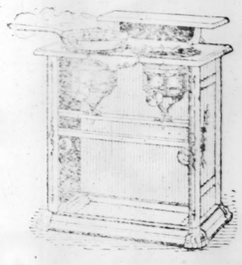

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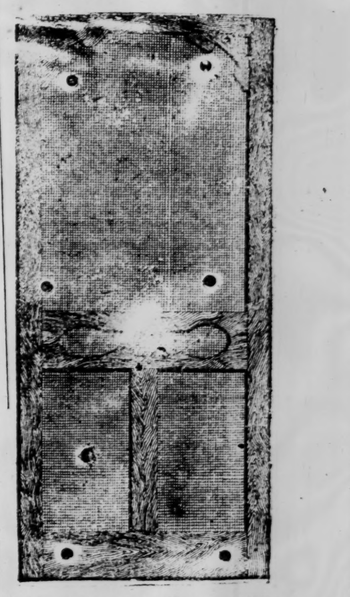

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Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; D. M. Simons, N. G.; J. P. Simpson, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Recording Secretary; R E Black, Financial Secretary, Twiddy, Treasurer

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Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent, D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; I. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 3d Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; A C Garrett Sachem; E F Sawyer sr. Sagamore; F G Thompson, jr, Sagamore; Wesley Williams' Prophet; W Bob Goodwin, Chief of Records, R. B. White, K. of W Meet every Thursday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister, Standard Keeper. W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S. L. Sharp; Board of Education John D. Fulmer, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

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The North Carolinian.

Thursday, July 26 1900.

FAITH.

The master must to a distant land,
With a foreign foe to fight;
And the master's wife was glad of it,
But she hid her false delight,
And came to him with a tearful face
And begged of him to stay;
But the master's hound was sorry,
And it went and it hid away.

The master's ship, from the harbor's mouth,
Beat out to the stormy sea;
And his wife staid late at my lady's ball,
Rejoicing to be free,
They said she shone like a jewel there,
And she heard it with delight;
But she could not sleep for the master's hound,
For it howled through the livelong night.

The master died—he was shot to death
In that land beyond the sea—
And they brought his body home to lie
In a grave by the cypress tree;
And the master's widow hid her face
And made believe she cried;
But the master's hound staid by his grave
'Till starved to death—and died.
—Chicago Record.

THROUGH OUR SPECTACLES

The Legislature convened yesterday.

The farmers are planting their second crop of irish potatoes.

B. S. Pugh has been appointed postmaster at Rodanthe.

Our job press is running tirelessly. The public recognize good work.

A new $75,000 cotton mill at Lumberton has been chartered by the State.

A limited supply of the Robinson Thermal Baths yet to be disposed of. See ad.

We regret to note the death of Ex-Gov. Elias Carr at his home in Edgecomb, Sunday.

A great truth quickly told: Clothing for Men, Youths and Children. Latest novelties at Moses Weisel's.

Dr. Shelton McMullan, of Hertford, commands the sympathy of this vicinity in the recent death of his little child.

The passage ways through the Dismal Swamp, Chesapeake & Albemarle Canals are reported to have been effected by the drought.

Would that the New York Journal might spring another of its famous polar discoveries on a perspiring public. The hour is ripe.

The Teachers' Institute is in session in our city this week. The assembly is a pleasant one. It adjourns tomorrow at 1 o'clock.

Honest values stitched with truthful words. The Hu-man-ic Shoe for men is one of the best that is made. They fit and wear without hurting your foot; $4 at Moses Weisel's.

The bewhiskered gentleman of the Transvaal is still free and frisky Tommy Atkins' chance of summering on Africa's torrid strand looks most promising.

A schooner with ten thousand watermelons on board is reported to have sunk off Powell's Point last week. Father Neptune's children must have been pestering the old man for refreshments.

WANTED:—One young man from Pasquotank county, N. C., to prepare for the coming Railway Mail Service examination. We furnish everything, including books and maps. Address, enclosing stamp, Inter-State Correspondence Institute, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

This year's convention of the North Carolina Press Association will be held at Hendersonville Aug. 22 & 23. The association has also arranged for a trip to Niagara Falls immediately after the convention or sometime in September.

From Greensboro comes an account of the marriage of Mr. Zachariah Groome, a sturdy farmer and gallant wooer, undismayed by his 72 summers, to the comparatively youthful Mrs. Isabella Davis, aged 45. Love laughs at Time.

Carolina was honored by the Southern Industrial League, which met last week in Atlanta. D. A. Thompkins, of Charlotte, N. C., was elected President of the organization, Dr. G. T. Winston, of Raleigh, was, also, chosen as one of the eight vice presidents.

Never before have we been able to offer so large and varied an assortment of fresh and pleasing styles. We have the stock that meets the expectation and gratifies the tastes. You want the best. This is your chance. We are able to sell cheap and we do. You can find Shoes, Hats, Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods in all of the latest styles to be had at M. Weisel's, Water street.

We clip the following from a recent issue of the Raleigh Morning Post, contributed by its Morehead correspondent:

The handsome yacht Alert arrived to-day from Elizabeth City with the following well-known young yachtsmen on board: W. T. Old, E. S. Old, W E. Wood, C. W. Hollowell of Elizabeth City, and H. S Davis of Norfolk. The party are out on a pleasure trip and are having a splendid time."

The German steamship St George, Captain Knutsfeldt, a vessel of sixteen hundred tons, and carrying a crew of twenty-eight men, bound from Dalquiri, Cuba with iron ore for Chester, Pa., went ashore on the Outer Diamond Shoals, Cape Hatteras, Sunday morning. Fortunately there was a light sea, and after five hours' work, assisted by the crews of the Hatteras and Creed's Hill Life Saving Stations, the St.George floated and proceeded on her way, apparently uninjured. Captain Knutsfeldt stated that the accident was due to the hazy weather, which caused him to lose his reckonings. The point where the vessel struck, on the Outer Diamond Shoals, near the spot where the Virginia was wrecked, is considered one of the most dangerous on the coast. Hardly has she escaped this danger ere another threatened. On her northward journey she was struck by a severe storm and barely outrode the gale.

Extensive fires are reported to be stubbornly burning in the Dismal Swamp. The continued dry spell has rendered the underbrush very inflamable, and the peaty soil furnishes an almost unlimited supply of food for the flame. There is little hope of an early extinguishment of the conflagration. It will doubtless burn on until the rainy season gives it a quietus The fire is supposed to be the result of flying sparks from the passing locomotives of the N. & W.

The Edenton Baseball Club brought with them the usual local shower Thursday, and the pre-arranged game was called in the third inning with the score 2 to 1 in favor of Edenton. The Friday game which had been dated for Edenton was pulled off at that place according to agreement. The score was 9 to 3, with the Elizabeth City Club as littleenders. This gives Edenton two out of the three games so far played.

A contemporary gives some statistics interesting from an educational standpoint. It states that there are two hundred and ninety-three newspapers in North Carolina. Seventy-two use "patent matter" and the composition on eighteen is by machine. There are twenty-six dailies, one hundred and eighty-nine weeklies, forty monthlies, nine semi-monthlies, six quarterlies, one semi-annual and five yearlies,

Quite a little blaze is reported from Hertford on the 19th. An accidental fire; cause unknown. Several wooden buildings were destroyed. Loss about $2500. Slight insurance. The atmospheric stillness prevented, what might have proved, a serious disaster, as Hertford is without the means of contending with a large flame.

Durham must be growing if the following claim of the Durham Herald is founded in fact:

"In East Durham there is a family that is perhaps one of the largest in the State. The head of the family is Mr. Murphy J. Boyd, and he has 17 children, 47 grandchildren and 7 great grandchildren, making a total of 71 in his family.

Hon. A. S. Pease will speak at the court house here to-morrow. The issues in the State campaign will be discussed and reasons given why the Constitutional Amendment should be defeated. He has the reputation of being an able speaker. Speaking begins at 2 o'clock.

The Democratic Congressional Convention, which met here on the 19th, carried out the expected programme. Hon John H. Small was renominated for Congress, C. L. Abernathy was nominated for Elector. The excessive heat somewhat deadened enthusiasam despite the oratorical strivings.

The weather was too much for the legal mind. Superior Court, which was in session here last week, came to an untimely adjournment after a three days effort. All cases remaining were continued by consent of counsel, and will be taken up as the first on the September docket.

A Sure Thing for You.
A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:03 and will set to-night at 7:17.—Mr. W. B. Midgett, of Hatteras, dropped in on us Thursday. He reports warm weather in his vicinity.—Dr. E. F. Martin has returned from a vacation at Nags Head.—The fire bell clanged forth Thursday at high noon. 'Twas a case of a spark and a dirty chimney.—Hon. K. R. Pendleton Collector of Customs, was in our city on official business Thursday.—Rev. J. E. White and son, of Raleigh, were in the city last week.—

The fool, who just for fun,
Points a weapon at your throat,
Has now a rival fool—
The fool who rocks the boat.

—Watermelons and canteloupes are now plentiful.—Miss Essie Broughton, of Portsmouth, Va., is the guest of Mrs. C. W. Overman on Church street.—Messrs W. H. and H. C. Perkinson, of Roakoke Island, called Saturday and paid their respects.—The Life Saving crews are now reporting to the examiners here for inspection.—Mrs. Mattie Cartwright, who has been visiting in Norfolk, has returned.—A heavy shower Sunday afternoon provided a temporary blessing.—Prof. S. L. Sheep spent a day in Edenton last week on business.—Miss Annie Bousheth, of Camden, is visiting Miss Lucy Bell on Road street.—Messrs. Blucher and Erskine Ehringhaus, who have been spending this summer with a "house party" at the sea shore, have returned.—Mrs. Wm. Hinton, with her daughter, Miss Mary, is visiting in Rosedale.—The school board, at a recent meeting, selected the following teachers for the public school: W. M. Hinton, Superintendent; assistants, Mrs. W. C. Brooks, Misses Annie Bell and Clara Weeks.—Among our callers the past week have been Geo. H. Wood, esq., of Woodville; Mr. J. C. Munden, of Mt Hermon; Chairman J. S. Wilcox, of Kehukee; Sheriff W. S. Bartlett, of Camden; N. W. Dailey and W. M. Gray, of Kennekeet.—Mr. Crayton Burgess, one of our popular young townsmen, who has recently been employed in Norfolk in the drug business, returned home last week and is now quite sick at his residence on Fearing street.—We chronicle the death of Mr. Ernest Sherlock, of this county, during the week just passed.—Miss Mattie Penick, the charming daughter of our eloquent Baptist divine, left yesterday for an extended visit in Lynchburg, Va.—An immense crowd took advantage of the Baptist Sunday School excursion to Nags Head on Tuesday. Many of the would-be excursionists had to be turned away, nearly two hundred in all, for want of accomodation.—The sad death of Lonnie, the bright son of Chas Baker, of the first ward, is noted.—A letter from Messrs W. J. Woodley and Benjamin F. White and party, present globe-trotters, was received last week by friends here. A swift and pleasant six-day voyage across "the pond" was announced. The letter was dated from Switzerland. The party was en route to Germany, from which country they proceed to France and the Exposition.—Mr. George Scott, Jr., is off for Nags Head.—

Hear her calling, calling, calling,
"Bring, oh, bring him quick to me."
And the sad sea waves are breaking,
"Ho! a man for her to see."

—The Pendleton interest in the building on the Northeast corner of Main and Water streets was sold the other day at public sale. J. B. Flora was the purchaser. Price $1,800.—Joshua Skinner, esq., was in the city on Tuesday. He gave the CAROLINIAN a call.—The measels are still on the rage.—Mrs. Hodgson, an aged lady who in company with her husband recently settled in our midst, died last week. Her husband preceeded her to the grave several weeks ago. They were both from North Dakota.—Our Morehead "yachtsmen" have taken off their seadegs and are once more "at home."—Mr. N. R. Zimmerman, who has been visiting in Pennsylvania, was forced by illnesss to return home and is now quite sick at his residence on Pennsylvania avenue.—Mr. H. S. Davis, of Norfolk, is visiting Mr. Will Wood on Church street.—Miss Eva Pailin, who has been making quite an extended visit in Edenton and Hertford, has returned, much to the delight of her many friends here.—The steamers Charles and Croatan were sold last week by Deputy Marshal C. A. Banks. The purchasers were Dr. O. F. McMullan and Mr. F. M. Grice. Price $850. The sale was the result of a proceeding in admiralty. S. S Lamb, esq., was the attorney for the libellants.—Mrs. S. S. Barcliff and children are visiting in Norfolk.—The usual services at the various churches Sunday. Those in attendance at the Episcopal church during the morning service were charmed with a beautiful solo by Mrs. J. E. Willard. The church is to be congratulated on this its latest addition to the choir, which, it is hoped, will be a permanent one.—It is rumored that our contemporary, the Fisherman and Farmer, has been sold to several parties from Virginia, who will soon take control of the same.—See notice of store room for rent.—Rev. W. Y. Everton, of Aurora, called yesterday.—We regret to hear of the confined illness of Miss Clara, youthful daughter of Mr. E. C. Kramer, at her home on Main street.—There was a most enjoyable little sail last evening, given by the young men of the town. The weather was delightful. The breeze strong and steady. A very pleasurable affair.—Mr. C. C. Allen, of this city, is quite sick at Nags Head, we regret to hear.

A Different Cut.

"I hyuh de white young lady say dat she was gwinter cut de yuthuh young lady dat made hub so mad," said Miss Miami Brown.

"It's scan'lous de way dese white folks is actin," answered Mr. Erastus Pinkley. "Fust dey sings coon songs, den dey does cake-walks, an now dey's gwine in foh carryin razors."—Washington Star.

Crafty men contemn studies, simple men admire them and wise men use them, for they teach not their own use; but that is a wisdom without them and above them, won by observation.—Lord Bacon.

There are a great many caves and prehistoric mounds in Iowa.

A STORE, ROOM FOR RENT.
The store room on Water street formerly occupied by Hooper & Gray for rent. Apply to
P. S. SHIPP.
July 25, 4t.

For a Pleasant Home or a Paying Investment

EUCLID HEIGHTS is only 400 yards from that portion of Elizabeth City which has the only available water front the Elizabeth City & Western R. R. can get for a depot. This water front also offers great advantages for mills, factories and marine railways. The shrewd business man of to-day is buying up all the water front and near lands for these purposes, and in a shorter time than is in the minds of many we will see the Southern banks of the old Pasquotank, and both sides of Charles Creek lined with these industries, giving employment to thousands of men, women and children.

This will make the lands of Euclid Heights which are within such a convenient and pleasant residential distance, in such great demand as to make it almost impossible for a man working on moderate salary to think of buying one of the lots which can now be secured at a very moderate figure and on the very easiest terms.

FOR A RESIDENCE Euclid Heights is delightfully situated in the Southern part of Elizabeth City within eight minutes walk of the corners of Main and Poindexter streets, and only 400 yards from the Pasquotank river, a convenient and pleasant residential distance not annoyed by the scream of steam whistles and safe from the dangers of factory fires.

LANDS This land is high, dry, with a rich, light, sandy soil for lawn and flowers, and a solid building foundation of clay one foot below the surface.

DRAINAGE The drainage is perfect; there being a deep basin on either side with the navigable waters of Charles Creek fronting it. The avenues will be so graded as to render it impossible for water to gather in stagnant pools and breed the deadly miasma.

AIR The pleasant and refreshing Summer Southern breezes laden with the delightful odor and health-giving properties of the Southern pine first pass over these lands to Elizabeth City.

AVENUES The avenues are 65 feet wide, giving 40 feet for driveway and 12½ feet sidewalks, enough room for shade trees instead of in driveway obstructing the drainage and grading of the streets.

ALLEYS A fifteen foot alley separates the lots on the back, giving a rear driveway into each lot, which does away with the nuisance of a double gate in front.

PARKS One or more Parks will be given so as to adorn and beautify the locality and add to the enjoyment of the purchasers. Taken all in all Euclid Heights possesses wonderful attractions for home seekers and investors.

The first 43 lots (one with a $800 house on it) to be drawn for. Payments, $10 cash, $8 per month. Don't fail to see this fine property. Lots sold to white people only.

EUCLID HEIGHTS LAND COMPANY.
Elizabeth City, N. C.

One Fault.

Miss Crochet (after an attack upon the piano)—How do you like that? It is a song without words.

Fogg—It would be absolutely perfect but for one thing.

Miss Crochet—What's that, pray?

Fogg—If it was also without music. —Boston Transcript.

A Hint.

"Did you see that story about the man who got a needle in his arm while trying to kiss a girl?" he asked.

"No," she replied, and then she added fervently, "but, thank heaven, I never learned to sew!"—Chicago Post.

The late Dr. Campbell Black of Glasgow, eminent as a physician and clinical lecturer, was fond of saying that "medicine is no more an exact science than millinery."

Oriental physicians have practiced vaccination for more than 1,000 years.

MATTING!
New Goods, New Patterns,
Our Mattings are new goods forwarded to us direct from the ship in which they came
FROM
CHINA AND JAPAN.
They are not dried out;
They are not old patterns;
They are not auction jobs.
They are fresh, new goods; bright, clean patterns and at very moderate prices.

WALL PAPER!
Make your rooms beautiful and attractive by papering the walls. It costs very little We can show you a large variety of good things for the purpose. There is no use in ordering from sample books if you can save yourself time, money and trouble by selecting from our stock of three thousand pieces.
We have just opened a large lot of Jardinieries, Flower Pots and Urns.

MELICK

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes named in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C.

FULMER & CO.
When buying Groceries, as well as other things, you like to have some variety to choose from. No store in Elizabeth City displays such a variety of good things to eat as Fulmer & Co's. You can find many new things there and very likely among them is something that will just suit you. If you need a Health Food, try "Grape Nuts," Ralston Breakfast and Barley Food, Whole Wheat Biscuit, or Mother's Oats. We have a fine grade Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour, Hecker's Whole Wheat Flour for Dispeptics and Ralston's Brain Bread Flour. Below is a list of a few dainties for the table: Imported Switzir Cheese, Veal Loaf, Liver Pudding, Boneless Herring, Imported Sardines, Dried Beef, Queen Olives, Yellow Peaches, Canned Strawberries. Real Quince and Peach Preserves, Cranberry Sauce, Chow-chow and India Relish. Telephone 17,

FOR SALE!
30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE teh OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy.
P. JOHN.

An Overcautious Wife.

An incident occurred at the redemption bureau of the treasury which ought to be a warning to wives. A woman in New England placed $18 in bank bills in the oven of the kitchen stove in order to hide it from her husband. She forgot to take it out, and in the morning he kindled a hot fire and reduced the money to a crisp before his wife remembered where it was. She picked up the ashes, enough to half fill a wineglass, put them in a little box and sent them down to Washington to be redeemed. The experts, by the use of magnifying glasses, identified the bills to the amount of $3 and sent her that money, but it cost her $12 to fool her husband, and she will probably not try it again.—Chicago Record.

The Road to Convalescence.

A woman will lie in bed all morning and go to a whist party in the afternoon. She will be genuinely sick all day and go like a martyr to a card party at night. The plea that her absence might inconvenience her hostess is considered sufficient excuse. A man with an ache goes to bed and rests. It would be interesting to learn which is the shorter route to recovery.—Atchison Globe.

NO-TO-BAC
CURES THE
TOBACCO HABIT.
SOLD AND GUARANTEED by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

TRY OUR
THROAT PASTILLES
FOR
SORE THROAT AND HOARSENESS. WHITE PINE COMPOUND
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
Standard Pharmacy,
Moved from Road to Poindexter St.

"WHITAR"
ONLY WHITE TAR SOAP IN THE WORLD.

Whitar Soap is a luxurious and purified toilet soap and superior to the pure black tar soaps in every way. It contains all the healing and antiseptic properties of the black tar soaps, with entire freedom from their objectionable features.
It soils neither towel nor wash bowl, for its lather is unspeckled.
It lathers in Hard or soft water far more freely, than other tar soaps, and, being 50 per cent. pure, outlasts any of "the mixed" soaps of equal size.
It contains much more glycerine than other soaps, and this together with its soft thick lather make it a king among shampoo soaps. In the treatment of skin, scalp and hair diseases, aggravated cases of dandruff, scald head, falling hair, etc., Whitar is highly recommended.
Physicians recommend it for babies' baths, and in cases of chafe or heat rash, the soap is peculiarly efficacious.
Ask your dealer for it.
MANUFACTURED BY
CLINTON SOAP CO.,
CLINTON, IOWA.

TYROSA for SOUPS
Soup stock prepared in the form of Dry Flour, thoroughly cooked and ready for immediate use.

Makes a Delicious Soup in Ten Minutes
All flavors retained
No Nutriment is lost.
Indigestible
Husks of the food removed.
TYROSA is Pure Food and all Food.
A 10 cent package makes six quarts of soup. Three varieties, Pea, Bean, Vegetable Turtle.
For sale by grocers.
PREPARED BY
MAC MORRAN & CO., Port Huron, Mich.

A Free Trip to Paris!
Reliable persons of a mechanical or inventive mind desiring a trip to the Paris Exposition, with good salary and expenses paid, should write
The PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away!

makes the nerves strong, and brings back the feelings of youth to the prematurely old man. It restores lost vigor. You may gain ten pounds in ten days.
GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE.
Go buy and try a box to-day. It costs only $1. Your own druggist will guarantee a cure or money refunded. Booklet, written guarantee of cure and sample free. Address nearest office.
THE STERLING REMEDY CO.,
CHICAGO. MONTREAL, CAN. NEW YORK.

CASCARETS candy cathartic cure constipation. Purely vegetable, smooth and easy, sold by druggists everywhere, guaranteed to cure. Only 10c.

WHY NOT INSURE YOUR HEALTH?
You would not think of going to sleep at night without insurance on your property. Is not your health the most important of all your possessions?

The Robinson Thermal Bath Cabinet

Is the proverbial ounce of prevention

Drop us a card and we will send descriptive booklet. Once used you will never willingly be without it.
CHS. H. DOD, Agent,
At Fowler & Co.' Elizabeth City, N. C.
☛In order to quickly convince the public of the merits of this treatment we will for a short time only furnish a Cabinet complete with Heater for $3.50. Order at once to secure Cabinet at this price.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death
to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is "way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by this doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Canned Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us things in two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,
Is kept Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

PATENTS GUARANTEED
Our fee returned if we fail. Any one sending sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to obtain a patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense.
Patents taken out through us receive *special notice*, without charge, in THE PATENT RECORD, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Manufacturers and Investors.
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Reference—Awards at 2 greatest World's Expositions and thousands of graduates in positions. Cost of Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board in family, about $60. SHORTHAND, TYPE-WRITING & TELEGRAPHY, SPECIALTIES. The Kentucky University Diploma, under seal, awarded graduates. Literary Course free, if desired. No vacation. Enter now. Graduates successful. *In order to have your letters reach us, address* WILBUR R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky.
Note.—Kentucky University resources, $500,000, and had nearly 1000 students in attendance last year.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.

Vindication of the Beefeater.

The illness of a young lady of prominence in Washington society is attributed to her continued abstinence from animal food and from vegetable food other than fruits and nuts, the acids and oils of which, respectively, taken into the system in disproportionate quantities, have impaired her digestion. Hardly a day passes without evidence of one kind or another that nature knows what she is about when she furnishes us with an appetite for this, that and the other thing. We generally need it in our business. Marion Crawford in one of his Italy novels tells us that the almost vegetarian peasants of that country, while equal to the unexciting tasks of the field so long as they eat the same sort of food as their mules and cattle, break down under the strain of camp life and other military hardships sooner than the "tenderfoot" city clerk whose nervous tension is maintained by two or three meat meals a day. English horses give out in a few days in South African service, while the carnivorous lion and tiger can dispose of the proverbially strong ox, and the king of polar beasts is the bear.

The hardest lesson in the world to learn seems to be that life is a positive thing, that it is all "very good," and that the minute you forbid something you have got to find a legitimate substitute for it or there is going to be failure and trouble.—New York Press

A Democratic Monarch.

A story illustrating the democratic simplicity of the King of Sweden and Norway is told in the Echo de Paris by M. Gaston Bonnier, the botanist. M. Bonnier was botanizing near Stockholm, when he met a stranger similarly occupied. The two fraternized, and M. Bonnier suggested that they should lunch together at the inn. "No, come home and lunch with me instead," said the stranger, and he led the way to the palace and opened the gate. M. Bonnier was naturally astonished, but his new acquaintance was most apologetic. "I'm sorry," he said, "but I happen to be the King of this country, and this is the only place I've got to entertain anybody in." He and M. Bonnier went in and lunched and talked botany together all the afternoon.

Intuition.

Intuition is decidedly stronger in woman. No man, we are confident, is able to know, except by hearsay or by turning around, how many times the feathers in a hat four pews behind him have been pressed over.—Detroit Journal.

Most of the rich Siamese mandarins send their sons to Europe to finish their education. London, Paris and Berlin are the most attractive European cities for them.

A New Yorker recently turned out his one hundred and twenty-seventh patented invention, consisting of a finger ring which cuts twine and erases lead pencil marks.

Time's Changes.

Before marriage a man's display of affection is very apt to be overdone; after marriage it is more likely to be rare.—Chicago News.

The kingdom of Siam has no public debt.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Life is like a crowded street car. The people with push are the ones who move up front.

What Shall We Have For Dessert?

This question arises in the family daily. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in 2 min. No boiling! no baking! Simply add a little hot water & set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At grocers, 10c.

Even the breezy young man can't always raise the wind.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Tennessee pays the Chief Justice of its Supreme Court an annual salary of $3500.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The doctor and the legislator both amend the constitution.

Albert Burch, West Toledo, Ohio, says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure saved my life." Write him for particulars. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Chicago's latest count shows that it has 4118 attorneys.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

A fellow can't even learn to play a drum unless he sticks at it.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Assuan, Egypt, has two new hotels and an English church for 300 people.

Frey's Vermifuge has many imitators. Be sure to get the genuine, made by E. & S. Frey, Baltimore, Md.

It takes a brave man to tell a funny story when his wife's around.

OVARIAN TROUBLES.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Them—Two Letters from Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I was sick in bed about five weeks. The right side of my abdomen pained me and was so swollen and sore that I could not walk. The doctor told my husband I would have to undergo an operation. This I refused to do until I had given your medicine a trial. Before I had taken one bottle the swelling began to disappear. I continued to use your medicine until the swelling was entirely gone. When the doctor came he was very much surprised to see me so much better."—MRS. MARY SMITH, Arlington, Iowa.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was sick for two years with falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries and bladder. I was bloated very badly. My left limb would swell so I could not step on my foot. I had such bearing down pains I could not straighten up or walk across the room and such shooting pains would go through me that I thought I could not stand it. My mother got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me to try it. I took six bottles and now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, I am a well woman."—MRS. ELSIE BRYAN, Otisville, Mich.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

ALLIES TAKE TIEN-TSIN.

Foreigners Capture the Native City After a Hard Fight.

AMERICAN LOSSES ARE HEAVY.

The Ninth United States Infantry Suffers Heavily in the Fighting—Colonel Liscum Among the Killed—Chinese Capture a Russian Town and Tear Up Railways—Tien-Tsin Forts Also Taken.

London (By Cable).—The allied troops won a brilliant victory at Tien-Tsin, capturing the native city and completely routing the Chinese. The losses of the Europeans and Americans during the three days' heavy fighting are said to have been 800 killed and wounded.

The guns of the allies did immense damage to the native city, causing many large conflagrations, and finally silenced the majority of the enemy's guns simultaneously. Then 1500 Russians, assisted by small parties of Germans and French, assaulted and captured eight guns that were in position on the railway embankment, and the fort, the magazines of which the Chinese had reoccupied. After three hours of the hardest fighting yet experienced the Chinese fled.

The casualties sustained by the allies were exceedingly heavy, especially those to the Americans, French and Japanese.

The Chinese appear to have exhausted their supply of smokeless powder, as they are now using black powder.

REAR-ADMIRAL REMEY'S REPORT.

Americans Lost Over 200 Men in Fight at Tien-Tsin.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Rear-Admiral Remey cabled to the Navy Department that the city and forts of Tien-Tsin are in the hands of the allies. His dispatch follows:

"Chee-Foo—Hope to get wounded from Tien-Tsin in hospitals at Taku or aboard Solace.

"Communication very uncertain. Following casualties apparently confirmed:

"Marines—Captain Davis killed; Captain Lemly, Lieutenants Butler and Leonard wounded.

"Army—Colonel Liscum killed; Majors Reagan and Lee, Captains Noyes, Brewster and Bookmiller, Lieutenants Naylor, Lawton, Hammond and Waldron wounded.

"Total killed and wounded reported, 775. Russian and Japanese lost heavily; our total loss reported, 215; about forty were marines, but number believed to be exaggerated.

"Have officer on shore especially to get authentic number and names, which will be promptly telegraphed.

"City and forts are now in the hands of allies.

"Admiral Seymour returned to fleet; ranking officer ashore is Admiral Alexieff at Tien-Tsin. REMEY."

It is generally understood that the American troops in and on their way to China will be reinforced by every man who can be spared from home, Cuban and Porto Rican points.

War Office officials are amazed at the proportion of men killed and wounded. It is greater than in almost any battle of recent times and proves that the Chinese have improved in marksmanship to an almost incredible degree. The Chinese troops at Tien-Tsin were armed with modern Krupp guns and Mauser rifles.

THE PRESIDENT'S DECISION.

No Extra Session of Congress is Needed at Present.

Washington, D. C. (Special). — The President has determined that the facts now known to us do not require or justify calling an extra session of Congress. Should further developments indicate that he is unable to do what is required with the means now at his command and the action of Congress is necessary to furnish either men or money, or authority, he will not hesitate to call it together.

This is the official report of the proceedings of the Cabinet at which were discussed the international obligations of the United States in China, the necessity of an extra session, and the plans and preparations of the conduct of the campaign in China. The official statement was dictated to Secretary Cortelyou by the President for the press.

Chinese Take Russian Town.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—It is officially announced that the Chinese troops, after bombarding Blagovestchensk, in Russian territory, captured the town. They have destroyed the roads and othed means of communication with the place. The attack has provoked strong expression of indignation here and the papers demand severe retribution.

Naval Force Well Equipped.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—As far as fighting equipment is concerned the naval force in China is amply provided for, according to the officials of the Naval Ordnance Department. Arms and ammunition to an amount large enough to meet any possible emergency are now in China, and there are enough ships in Chinese waters to meet present requirements.

A Suicide at Niagara Falls.

John Delmage, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., committed suicide by leaping into the whirlpool rapids.

New Minister From Japan.

The Japanese Legation, in Washington, have been informed that Kogoro Takahira, at present Imperial Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been appointed Japanese Minister to the United States. He takes the place of Mr. Kumuri, transferred to St. Petersburg.

Charges Against Coler Dismissed.

Governor Roosevelt has dismissed the charges brought against Controller Coler, of New York City.

The Labor World.

James Pines, leader of the Brooklyn trolley men's strike in 1895, died at his home in Brooklyn.

The steelmakers of Scotland decided to close their works for two weeks, owing to the high price of coal.

Fully 100 glass house apprentices in Gloucester County, N. J., became journeymen with the end of the blast.

Sixteen hundred men have been thrown out of employment by the banking of five furnaces operated by the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company, of Scranton, Penn.

The Bell Island mines, at St. John's, N. F., have shut down, and the companies will open mines in Canada.

The union cigarmakers of Chicago will contribute $1800 a week to the striking cigarmakers at New York City.

Three departments of the Illinois Steel Mills, at Chicago, have been reopened. This gives employment to 1200 of the 3000 men thrown out of work by the recent shut-down.

In the thirty years that the Pennsylvania anthracite mine law has been in operation 9575 persons have lost their lives in and about the anthracite mines, an average each year of 319.

HARVARD TUTOR FREED.

Professor Eastman Not Held For the Shooting of His Brother-in-Law.

Evidence of a Quarrel Had No Weight When All the Circumstances of the Tragedy Were Considered.

Boston, Mass. (Special).—Charles R. Eastman, assistant instructor in zoology in Harvard University, who was accused of the murder of his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan, on July 4, was discharged from custody. Judge Almy, after hearing the arguments of counsel, failed to find probable cause for the charge.

The Judge's announcement was a surprise to everybody in the crowded court-room, for it was understood that the most Eastman's counsel hoped for was that the charge would be changed to manslaughter.

When Judge Almy's court convened in Cambridge in the morning the prosecution surprised the defence by announcing that all its testimony was in. The defence produced no witnesses. Lawyer Elder's shrewd and ingenious plea was its entire case. He said that the story of Titus, who saw the two men struggling over a firearm, amounted to nothing, because the struggle did not precede the shooting. "The prosecution," he continued, "would have you believe that Eastman deliberately shot Grogan and then tried to make it appear that it was an accident. At the same time it seeks to show that East man wounded himself. These are two totally inconsistent theories."

As to the exclamations of Grogan after being shot, Mr. Elder said they proved nothing. The first feeling of a man in Grogan's position would be one of outrage, of resentment, against the man who shot him, even if accidentally. Furthermore, no motive had been shown.

As for the evidence given by John Grogan, brother of the dead man, of the trouble in the Grogan stable, when he said his brother and Eastman had a quarrel, and Eastman on going away said: "I'll plug you, if it takes five years," it was denied altogether.

Judge Almy, in discharging Eastman, said that it did not appear from the evidence that a murder had probably been committed. It was doubtful how much the statements of Grogan were worth at the time when he was suffering acutely from the bullet wound. There was considerable doubt that a jury would convict on the evidence. He therefore did not think he would be justified in holding Eastman for the action of the Grand Jury.

On being released Eastman hurried up to Judge Almy and spoke briefly to him. The Judge smiled in return. Then Eastman greeted his father, and Mrs. Hollander, the third of Alvin Clark's daughters, came up and kissed him. Mr. Hollander and he shook hands very cordially.

When District-Attorney Weir was asked if he would go any further with the case he said he preferred not to discuss the matter. Others believe that this is the end of the case.

BLANKET INDIANS RISING.

Armed Force of Teamsters Subdue Demonstration in Minnesota.

Bemidji, Minn. (Special).—An armed force, made up of teamsters from Solway, Minn., has subdued a threatening element of Blanket Indians at Red Lake. Captain Mercer, in charge of Indian affairs in this State, has been called to the reservation to quiet the reds, who attempted to prevent the building of a schoolhouse on the reservation. At the same time other Indians in the Red Lake district threatened a rising because of a prediction by medicine men that a great cyclone would destroy all whites in America. Trouble was rapidly heading. The Indians were drinking and dancing and had collected a large stock of arms and ammunition. Captain Mercer deputized thirty friendly Indians, and with armed men forced the Blanketers from the site, and under protection the house is being built. Promiscuous shooting took place throughout most of the day. A call has been made for soldiers.

Realizing the condition of Indian affairs in Minnesota, the War Department has withdrawn the order to the Eighth Infantry to leave Fort Snelling for the Philippines. This regiment may be brought to Red Lake.

FELL DEAD AT CHILDREN'S FEET

An Italian Shot by His Cousin, Who Kills Himself.

Paterson, N. J. (Special).—Louis Bianchi shot his cousin, Joseph Pessino, and killed him. He then shot and killed himself.

Bianchi was employed as a dyer's helper in the Weldman Dye Works. His discharge was caused by some trivial offense, and he blamed Pessino, who was foreman in the works, for it. Bianchi lay in wait for Pessino on the old Bunker Hill Road. Pessino came along the road from the direction of the works, and his two little daughters were coming to meet him. He had just called to them, when there was a shot, and he fell almost at the feet of his children.

Bianchi then ran a short distance to a spring and, sitting down at its edge, placed his revolver to his head and blew out his brains.

Money to Move the Crops.

More currency is going to the country to move the grain crops in the Northwest, but the movement is only normal. Deposits continue to increase and loans have also of late been enlarged.

Disastrous Fire at Salem, W. Va.

Fire almost wiped out the town of Salem, W. Va. The largest woolen mills in the State were situated there. They were destroyed, together with sixteen dwellings and several other buildings. Two lives were lost—a man named Davis and an unknown woman. Loss, $60,000.

Kruger Will Resist While Supplies Last.

South African advices say that President Kruger will continue resistance until his supplies are exhausted.

Chinese War Notes.

Japan will send nearly 50,000 men to China.

The Boxer forces in Manchuria are estimated at 40,000 men.

The Engineer Corps at West Point has been ordered to China.

Vessels loaded with Chinese prisoners arrive at Vladivostock daily.

Ammunition for the American Navy sufficient for several months is in China.

Ten steamships have been chartered by Germany to convey 12,000 troops to China.

German postal clerks will be sent to China at once to handle mail for German troops in the field.

The British Admiralty has suspended the granting of furloughs to the Channel and Reserve Squadrons.

Rigors of the Chinese fall and winter have caused orders for increased winter clothing for American troops.

The armored cruiser Kaiser Karl VI and the torpedo boat Asperan have been ordered to China to protect Austrians.

British troops in Canada, if ordered to China, will go from Quebec direct to Shanghai by the Canadian Pacific Railway.

GIRLS PLANNED MURDER

Two Sisters, With Their Sweethearts, Plotted to Kill Family.

HOPED TO GET MOTHER'S MONEY

Wise Sisters Confessed That Their Sweethearts, Hardy and Miller, Killed Mother and Brother — The Youths Fired Through the Window, the Girls Having Had a Last Meeting With Them.

Anoka, Minn. (Special).—The people of this quiet little town are almost stupefied over the cold-blooded confession of fourteen-year-old Eliza Wise that she and her sister, Martha, only a year older than she, were fully cognizant of the plot to murder the other members of the family, and that they sat quietly by while the murder was going on.

The confession must result in the conviction and probably in the hanging of James Hardy and Elmer Miller, the youthful sweethearts of the girls.

The crime took place one peaceful Sunday night in the latter part of May. The family of William Wise was sitting in the kitchen of their little house playing cards. There was the father and Mrs. Wise, their two sons, Joseph and Willie, aged seven, and the two girls. The girls were not playing. They were expecting company.

The litttle murderers stole out of the back door and were gone for several minutes. It is now known that they went for a final consultation with their sweethearts, who had arrived, armed with shotgun and repeating rifle. Then they crept back into the kitchen, and sat down not too near the table. The card players paid no attention to their movements, but went on with the game.

Suddenly the muzzle of a gun was thrust in at a window.

Then came the shots in quick succession. There were twelve of them, as tell-tale marks showed afterward. Two were from the shotgun, the other ten from the rifle. In fifteen seconds the horrible deed was done. Mrs. Wise and her little son Joe were killed. Mr. Wise and little William were dangerously wounded.

Martha and Eliza Wise jumped up, but it was not in terror.

"The first thing I noticed," said Martha, afterward, "was mother falling off a chair. She was crying for me to come to her assistance. I called for my sister, and between us we managed to drag her into a doorway between the front room and the kitchen. The shots continued. I counted twelve of them.

"Joe was running around, and fell on mother. A few seconds later Joe was dancing up and down behind the stove crying. He kept asking father and mother if they were hurt, but they did not answer. Just then I saw Will fall on his face. I do not know who was shot first, but think it was father. When father was shot he raised his head to look around, and then dropped on the table till help came."

Not a tremor in the voice! Not the shadow of remorse for the bloody deed in which she was an accomplice.

Suspicion fell on Hardy and Miller, who had been forbidden the house. They were arrested. Miller made a partial confession.

It was this which stirred the younger girl to tell how it happened. It was a plot between her sister, herself and the two young rascals who were making love to them. The mother had $500 in the bank which was to go to the sisters in case of her death.

To the plotters this seemed to be an immense sum. They knew nothing of the legal obstacles which would prevent their getting possession of it, and thought that all that was necessary was to kill the mother.

MURDERER SHOT BY A KEEPER.

He Had Attacked and Wounded Two Others With an Iron Bar.

Stockholm, Sweden (By Cable).—Johan Nordlund, a Swede who, on the night of May 16 last, killed seven and wounded five passengers on the steamer Prince Carl, as that vessel was proceeding through Lake Maelar, and who was arrested at Skogstorp, has been seriously wounded by one of the keepers of the jail where he is confined. Nordlund secreted a piece of pointed iron, and when the opportunity offered he attacked and badly wounded two of the jailers. A third keeper, when he saw what had befallen his comrades, drew a revolver and shot the prisoner.

SPRING WHEAT YIELD.

Crop Expert Predicts a Big Production in Three States.

Minneapolis, Minn. (Special).—H. V. Jones, in a conservative review of the crop situation in the Northwest, after personal inspection of the fields, predicts that the yield of wheat in the three spring wheat States of Minnesota and North and South Dakota will at the very least reach 135,000,000 bushels, as against 210,000,000 last year, and that with favorable weather during the ensuing four weeks the yield will reach 150,000,000 bushels. This is the highest estimate yet made.

General Wood Arrives From Cuba.

Major-General Leonard Wood, Governor-General of Cuba, arrived in Washington from Havana and talked of conditions in the Island.

Atlanta's Mayor Will Remain in Office.

The reports of the Investigation Committee on Mayor James G. Woodward, of Atlanta, Ga., have been tabled. The investigation of Mayor Woodward is at an end and he will not be impeached.

Japanese and Chinese Laborers Fight.

Japanese and Chinese laborers of Stevenson, B. C., became engaged in a street fight over the war in China and the latter were beaten.

Newsy Gleanings.

Vienna plans an Austrian electrical exposition for 1903.

German trade and finance have been unfavorably affected by the Chinese troubles.

The coast region of Georgia is to have a sugar refinery, the first on in the State.

Work on the remodeling of the Grand Central Station, New York City, is being carried on steadily.

A large quantity of Australasian apples will be put upon the Scotch and English markets this season.

A permanent automobile exhibition has been opened in Berlin.

An effort is likely to be made to induce the Government to establish a textile university for the South.

Police Commissioner George Henshaw, of Cincinnati, Ohio, is in Berlin, studying the police methods of the city.

It is expected that during the summer the number of Scotch and English tourists in Ireland will top the record.

The quicksilver finds in Brewster County, Texas, have already proved the most extensive in the United States

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The President has appointed H. Percival Dodge and Samuel Morrill, of Massachusetts, respectively, as second and third secretary of the Embassy at Berlin.

The greatest activity prevails throughout the War and Navy Departments.

The body of Senator Gear, of Iowa, was sent to the Gear home, at Burlington, Iowa, where funeral services were held.

The Government has taken measures to suppress sternly and promptly any anti-Chinese outbreaks that may occur in this country.

President McKinley proclaimed the provisions of the reciprocity treaty with Germany.

Commissioner Hermann, of the General Land Office, holds that the general appropriations for surveying public lands do not in any sense apply to public lands in Porto Rico.

Two additional surgeons have been ordered to proceed at once from San Francisco to Cape Nome, to assist in stamping out the smallpox now epidemic at that point.

Our Adopted Islands.

The commissions for all the Territorial Judges arrived at Honolulu, Hawaii, and the Territorial Courts are now fully organized.

General MacArthur now agrees with the late General Lawton that 100,000 troops are needed to establish sovereignty in the Philipines.

Elliott Jones, of San Juan, P. R., has been appointed superintendent of the Porto Rican lighthouse district.

Immense subterranean streams of water have been uncovered 1500 to 2000 feet above sea level in Hawaii. The water will be flumed to sugar plantations for irrigation.

Domestic.

A vigilant Union Pacific engineer saw a tunnel switch just in time, and thereby foiled train wreckers, near Junction City, Kan.

At the trial of Caleb Powers, at Georgetown, Ky., in connection with the Goebel murder, Finley Anderson testified that Powers said that if no one else would kill Goebel he would kill him himself.

J. M. Meneck, scientist, civil and mining engineer and distinguished representative of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, met a particularly sad death in the desert of Southern Utah.

State Health Officer W. F. Blunt, of Texas, said that he will continue to maintain the rigid quarantine against San Francisco until all danger of bubonic plague reaching Texas from that city is passed.

Chinatown, in New York City, mistook the advent of disinfectors and police escort as an attack of retaliation.

Captain Healy, of the revenue cutter McCulloch, made two attempts at suicide on the voyage from Dutch Harbor to Seattle, Wash.

Fire destroyed all the fruit warehouses and principal business houses of Newcastle, Col. The loss will exceed $100,000. Over 10,000 boxes of fruit were burned.

C. V. Eskridge, editor of the Emporia Republican, former Lieutenant-Governor of Kansas, committed suicide at Emporia.

The Second Regiment Illinois National Guard will volunteer for service in China.

Weidman's lumber yard at Remus, Mich., containing 9,000,000 feet of lumber, was set on fire by lightning and the loss is estimated at $125,000.

Judge W. H. Washington, a well-known practitioner at the Philadelphia bar, and a direct descendant of George Washington, died at Castle Creek, Hot Springs, Ariz., of consumption, aged forty-five years.

While attempting to rescue John Trost his brother, Herman Trost, and Edward Rhorer were drowned in the rapids of the Kentucky River near Lexington. The young men, with a number of friends, were bathing.

Mrs. Natalie Mayer, wife of John Mayer, and daughter of the late Theodore Havemeyer, died at Ridgewood, N. J., from the effects—as members of the family have announced—of a "pistol shot accidentally fired."

The body of Miss Lilian M. Foye, of Chelsea, Mass., was found in Narragansett Bay. She had evidently jumped from a Fall River boat after running away from home.

Governor Lounsbury, of Connecticut, has refused to reprieve Charles B. Ross, the youth to be hanged at Stamford, Conn., for the murder of Mrs. King.

Foreign.

Li-Hung-Chang has been appointed Viceroy of Pe-chi-Li, China, and will have supreme command in the district that is the centre of disturbance.

Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, made a statement in the House of Commons, giving details regarding the building of new British warships.

Boer reports of the Nitral's Nek affair put the British loss at 200, together with four guns and ammunition and also horses, mules and foodstuffs. The Boer loss is said to have been only ten.

The twenty-eight wounded Canadian volunteers, who arrived at Quebec on the Allan liner Parisian, received a tumultous welcome. The entire town turned out.

The Boxers have become active in Korea. They have destroyed a Catholic mission, three miles from the Korean frontier and fifty miles from the American mines.

Muzaffar-ed-Din, Shah of Persia, arrived in St. Petersburg. He was welcomed at the railway station by Emperor Nicholas and many other members of the Imperial family, who greeted him cordially.

General rains which fell in India improved the situation in the famine districts.

It is semi-officially denied that 30,000 Russian troops are marching to Pekin from the north.

Because of general corruption the jury law in Spain will probably be suspended.

The Cantacazune Ministry of Roumania has resigned.

Vice-Admiral Seymour sent a dispatch to the Admiralty at London from Tien-Tsin, China, saying that there was urgent need of reinforcements.

An enormous plant for the counterfeiting of Brazil banknotes was seized in Paris.

An exceptional heat wave is causing numerous sun strokes and prostrations in London.

According to reports from Lorenzo Marques the Boers are receiving large quantities of supplies of one kind and another through that port.

General de Pellieux, who figured promineutly in connection with the Dreyfus affair, died at Quimper, France.

White traders captured by Kanakas in New Britain were clubbed to death and eaten by the savages.

The Paris Municipal Council annulled the grant of land for an American National Institute for Artists.

The War Office, at London, announces that General Buller reports that 650 prisoners released by the Boers, have arrived at Ladysmith.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies approved the reciprocity agreement with the United States.

Horsemastership.

The secret of the staying power of the mounted Boer lies, apparently, in the fact that he is not a better horseman, but a better horsemaster, than the British trooper or artillery driver. He knows to an ounce how much he can safely take out of his mount, and never calls on the beast beyond that point. He nurses him always, tends him carefully at every opportunity, and knows how to doctor him the moment he is knocked up. Among our men—excepting probably the Colonial irregulars—stolid indifference or ignorance prevails on all such matters. The majority of the mounted infantry have probably never had any instruction whatever in the management of horses outside stables. Nor is the prevailing ignorance contined to the rank and file. If only officers understood all the niceties of nursing horses under a heavy and prolonged strain, they would see that the right thing was done, but competent witnesses affirm that, though there are conspicuous exceptions here and there, the average cavalry or artillery officer never gives his attention to such matters, apparently regarding the management of the horses in his command as a menial matter, to be left to the rank and file. I have even heard it said that the smartest and most successful of our cavalry Generals would have done much better if he had given more attention to the mysteries of "horsemanship."—London Truth.

And All Were Happy.

Appeal to a woman's vanity and her temper will be improved. The Willow Grove car was uncomfortably crowded and a large portion of the passengers were women, decked out in holiday attire. They were squeezed together tightly, and some were obliged to stand, which did not tend to make them happy as they gaed ruefully at their ruffled clothes. On the rear seat was a little girl, with a shrill, penetrating voice. "Oh, mamma!" she exclaimed, "hasn't that lady got a be-you-tiful hat on?" Every woman and girl in the car smiled. They all had their backs turned to the child, and of course could not tell just which had been designated. But, judging from their faces, each one must have thought her hat the one that had aroused the little girl's admiration. It was a little thing in itself, but every woman in the car seemed happier after that.—Philadelphia Record.

Awful Fate of a Non-Subscriber.

Apropos of advertising a Georgia exchange prints the most remarkable story on record of a man who was too mean to subscribe for his county paper and the awful fate that came to him. Following is the incident:

"There was a man who was too stingy to subscribe for his home paper, so he sent his little son to a neighbor to borrow one. As the boy was going home he fell down and broke his leg. The father heard his cries and ran out to see what was the matter, but slipped and fell, dislocating his knee and tearing the bosom out of his $10 pantaloons. His wife ran to his assistance, leaving a two-year-old baby on the floor. The baby crawled out and fell down the well, and while the mother was fishing the child out the house caught fire and was totally destroyed. Moral—Now is the time to subscribe."

Expensive Visits.

The Prince of Wales, simple and ostentatious as he always desires his private visits to be, cannot be fittingly entertained for even two or three days without an expenditure of $15,000 or $20,000.

Battlefield Reunion, Atlanta, Ga.

The Southern Railway announces round trip rate one fare, $17.50, Washington to Atlanta, account of Battlefield Reunion. Tickets on sale July 16 and 17, good to return until July 23. For full particulars address Alex. S. Thweatt, East. Pass. Agt., 1185 Broadway, N.Y.

The electric service of Bangkok, Siam, is in the hands of an American syndicate.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

With a population of 5,500,000 London harbors every day 120,000 strangers.

Advice to Men Who Wait.

Don't wait for great opportunities. A long, continuous walk will get you over more ground than a short run.

Jell-O, the New Dessert

Pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts.

Pasteur institutes are being established in nearly a dozen Russian cities.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The Englishman who drops his h's says lovemaking is a-lost 'eart.

Discouraging to Bachelors.

The town of Givette, in the Ardennes, is taking steps to put an end to the depopulation of France. Hereafter for all town offices fathers of more than three children will be picked first, and all married men will be preferred to bachelors. Prizes will be awarded yearly to those parents who have sent the largest number of children to school regularly, and scholarships in the national schools will be given only to those children belonging to households of more than three in family. Fathers of families will also have the first chance of admission to almshouses and old people's homes.—Newcastle (England) Chronicle.

Ad Momentum.

In advertising it takes more or less time to get up momentum. It takes time to get people into the habit of reading ads; it takes more time to get a grip on them and influence their buying; it takes time to get the cumulative results. That is why persistent and frequent changes count for so much.

If you advertise spasmodically you fail to get the momentum. Your failure to keep at it or neglect of frequent changes loosens your grip on people; you are putting on the brake when you should be getting up speed.—American Druggist.

Horse Takes a Boer Prisoner.

During one of the outpost skirmishes between the Englishmen and the Boers one of the latter had his horse shot under him, says a correspondent of the Washington Post.

Seeing a British cavalry horse without a rider, he captured it, and was riding away, when a bugler caught sight of him, and, putting his bugle to his lips, blew a shrill blast.

The horse wheeled sharply around, and, despite the strenuous efforts of his rider, galloped madly back to the British lines, while the Boer, unwilling to lose his prize, held on too long and was taken prisoner.

Boers Not Led by Foreign Officers.

There is a mistaken notion abroad that the operations of the Boers have been directed by European and American officers. This widely circulated statement contains scarcely a scintilla of truth. A few European officers and one American (Colonel Blake) are here. They may be men of ability for all I know, and competent to give the Boers excellent advice. Other foreign officers would volunteer if they could get commissions in the republican army. The talent can easily be secured. But how devise a scheme to apply it? The Boers will not obey their own officers, much less foreigners.—Thomas F. Millard, in Scribner's.

Constipation.

You cannot possibly enjoy good health unless you have at least one free movement of the bowels each day. When this is not the case, the poisonous products are absorbed into the system, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, vomiting, dyspepsia, indigestion.

Ayer's Pills

are a gentle laxative, suitable for any and every member of the family. One pill at bedtime will produce one good, natural movement the day following.

25 cents a box. All druggists.

"Ayer's Pills have done me and my family great good. They are like a true friend in trouble. There is nothing equal to them for sick headache and biliousness."—MRS. JULIA BROWN, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 5, 1899.

Happy DYES The greatest JOHNSON'S remedy for MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER Grippe and Liver Diseases. KNOWN ALL DRUGGISTS. 35c

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERY LADY CAN START a Profitable Business in her own town by making Skin Foods, Face Bleaches, Powders, Hair Tonics, Foot Powders, etc. Working formulas, $1 each. DR. D. F. HAHN, 256 West 46th St., New York City.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS. NYNE 20

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

The Book for You!

If you want **the most complete and practical book of its kind ever published**, send us 25 cents in postage stamps for a copy of this 200-page illustrated book.

THE HOUSEHOLD ADVISER.

It is so plainly written as to be adapted to all classes.

There is no one who can not find in it many things that will be of practical value to him.

It gives the cause, symptoms and best manner of treatment of diseases, and contains a large number of the very best prescriptions known to the medical profession, written in plain language that any one can understand.

The farmer or stock owner will find many valuable recipes for treating domestic animals when sick.

A VAST TREASURE HOUSE OF INFORMATION FOR EVERYBODY.

There are household recipes from the best professional cooks and housekeepers of experience and ability, every one of which has been tested; also hints on the care of infants, toilet recipes, etc.

ORDER A COPY TO-DAY.

The information you will obtain from it will be worth many times the small sum paid for the book.

This book will be sent postpaid for **25 CENTS** in Postage Stamps.

BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 LEONARD STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CONSTIPATED

OLD AGE

Means misery on the eve of life. Nine out of ten old people are constipated because the muscles of their intestines have become weak, worn out and flabby. Constipation is the curse of old age, causes bile and acid poisons to remain in the blood, making the skin yellow and wrinkled, the eyes bleary and causing the "bones to ache." Keep the bowels strong, healthy and regular and old age loses all its terrors and weaknesses. No reason why grandpa and grandma shouldn't have bright eyes, and clear ruddy skin and feel lively and active, if they will only keep their bowels open and vigorous with *CASCARETS CANDY CATHARTIC*, the greatest bowel tonic ever heard of. Try them to-day—a 10c box—and find that the tortures of constipated old age are

PREVENTED BY

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS

CASCARETS are absolutely harmless, a purely vegetable compound. No mercurial or other mineral pill-poison in CASCARETS. CASCARETS promptly, effectively and permanently cure every disorder of the Stomach, Liver and Intestines. They not only cure constipation, but correct any and every form of irregularity of the bowels, including diarrhœa and dysentry. Pleasant, palatable, potent. Taste good. Do good. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. Write for booklet and free sample. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO or NEW YORK.